جورِن مَا يمزيمِسية سياسية تصدر بالإنجليزيّعن المُوسسة بصحفية الأردنية «الرأى «

STOCKHOLM, July 27 (k). — The Embassy of the Libyan Jamahiriyah today advertised in the Swedish press for young Arab volunteers but denied it was recruiting soldiers here. In an advertisement in Sweden's largest morning newspaper Dagens Nyheter headed "volunteers to Libya" the embassy said: "In response to requests by Arab youth voluntarily to be enrolled and stand at Libya's side, application lists for volunteers are at the Embassy..." Charge d'Affaires Mustafa Draid told. Reuter his government wanted to recruit Arabs of different nationalities living in Sweden to replace Egyptian workers, who had left Libya and to fill other labour shortages in factories, the civil service and non-comba-tant military functions.

Volume 2, Number 513

alosens.

onleien.

ist dedi

Lanchin

question

AMMAN, THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1977 — SHA'ABAN 12, 1397

## Carter, Waldheim, Britain condemn King holds Begin's decision on settlements

WASHINGTON, July 27 (Agencies) — President Jimmy Carter today repeated United States opposition to Israel's official recognition of three previously illegal settlements on the West Bank. In New York U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim condemned Israel's move and in London a Foreign Office spokesman said it would "impede progress towards reconvening the Geneva peace

Israeli Premier Menachem Begin defended the move in Jerusalem saving it was a "routine" government decision and bis government would not "bow down to American pre-

President Carter today backed the State Department's co-ndemnation of the decision by the Menachem Begin governm-

"The statement that the secretary of state issued speaks the president told

Mr. Carter was answering a question about the Israeli decision which was swiftly condemined by Secretary of State Cyrus Vance yesterday.

The Begin government's decision affected three settlements which the previous Labour administration had declared

Ultra nationalists in Israel said they planned 10 new settlements in the area within a

U.S. senators who conferred with Mr. Carter earlier today said that despite the West Bank move, the President seemed optimistic about peace prospects in the Middle East.

Democratic Senator Howard Metzenbaum told --reporters: I think the president feels op-timistic that negotiations will be taking place."

Another democrat, George McGovern, said: "The president seemed more optimistic than I did. He feels the Ge peace conference will go forward and that differences can be resolved between Arabs and

#### Unfortunate says Waldheim

At the United Nations, a statement by Dr. Waldheim said Israel's move to legalise the status of the three settlements could not fail to affect efforts to resume Middle East peace talks.

In a written comment he termed the Israeli action most

Arab delegations to the U.N. scheduled a strategy meeting for tomorrow morning amid speculation that they might call for an urgent meeting of the Security Council to consider the situation created by the Israeli action.

If so, Waldheim was expected to hurry back from Austria where be is at present. The text of his statement said: "The secretary general considers it most unfortunate decided to legalise three sett-lements on the occupied West Bank. This cannot but affect

the current efforts to resume the negotiating process in the Middle East. "In this connection, the statement by the president of the Security Council on behalf of

the Council, on 11 November 1976 is recalled." That statement said that Israeli moves to establish settle-

#### Clashes renewed in south Lebanon

SIDON, Lebanon, July 27 (R).— Lebanese rightist and left-ist-Palestinian forces pounded each other again today in one of the south Lebanon fronts after a brief hill, travellers said

The travellers said rightist gummen at Qlel'a and Marjeyoun exchanged fire with the forces in Arnoun, Ibi Al Sagi and Khiam, in the eastern sector not far from the Israeli

Palestinian sources said Israeli gumers at down today shelled some villages in the Bint Jbeil district, in the central sector of the southern re-

According to travellers, rightages from hilltops around heir strougholds,

reported

ments in occupied territory had no legal validity and constitu-ted an obstacle to peace. In London, a Foreign Office

spokesman, answering reporters, said: "We regret anything, including Israel's policy of recognising Jewish settlements on the occupied Jordan West Bank, which might imp-ede progress towards the reconvening of the Geneva peace

He said arrangements for trying to reconvene the Geneva Middle East peace conference were delicately balanced and the timing of Israel's decision to legalise three Jewish settlements was unfortunate.

#### Begin recalcitrant

Addressing a session of the Knesset in Jerusalem Mr. Begin expressed protound sorrow and disappointment at yesterday's strong rebuke from the State Department in Washington.

Mr. Begin said the U.S. rabuke was made without foundation. He said that in his talks in Washington with President Carter last week be was asked not to sanction any further Jewish settlements in Ar-

ab territories. But I told them Jews have the inalienable right to live anywhere in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip," Mr. Begin said.

Mr. Begin said yesterday's decision was just a routine government action." Police towards the settlem-

ents is handled by a ministerial committee headed by Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon who told reporters: 'Do you think Jews will not settle in the land of Israel? That's im-

Mr. Begin rejected the U.S. said.

WASHINGTON, July 27 (R). -

The Carter administration is

prepared to sell defence wea-

pons to Sudan and Military

supplies to Egypt, the State Department said today. The decisions came on the

heels of yesterday's disclosure

that the administration was

ready to join other govern-

ments in providing military as-

Hodding Carter said the depar-

tment was discussing with me-mbers of Congress the sale of

**Knesset** hears

fairy tale

JERUSALEM, July 27 (R).

- An opposition member of the Knesset contributed

to a debate today by read-

ing a fairy story.

In a wry comment on
Prime Minister Menachem

Begin's recent trip to the United States, Mr. Arye Eliav, of the leftwing Shel-

li Party, treated members to e reading of Hans Christian

Andersen's tale called the Emperor's Clothes.

Opposition members ap-

plauded and heckled the government as Mr. Eliav read

a passage which suggested that the successes claimed

by Mr. Begin from his Wa-shington visit were empty

killed and three others woun-

Three people were killed and seven wounded in similar ex-

In addition, one villager was killed and three wounded in

artillery exchanges at dawn to-

day in the Bint Jbell district.

in the central sector of the so-

their leftist allies bave with-

drawn from the southern coa-

stal highway, to the west, following an agreement on Mon-

day on a phased retirement

from volatile parts of the south. The agreement is inten-

ded to implement a 1969 Cairo

pact regulating the presence of the estimated 400,000 Palestin-

Rightist forces also began

evacuating some inland areas

in the south, close to the Is-

Palestinian commandos and

uthern region.

ians in Lebanon.

raeli border.

changes during the night.

of content.

State Department spokesman

sistance to Somalia.

#### charge that Israel'a settleme-Shah nt policy was against interna-tional law. "This is a groundless accusation," he said.

(DMC) which is at present discussing entry into Mr. Begin's

Twelve of the 120 members

Winding up a lengthy deba-te on his 90-minute opening

statement, Mr. Begin said he was surprised by the U.S. de-cision to sell 14 Hercules tra-

nsport planes to Egypt.
"Every supply of weaponry

to a country at war with Israel

is a negative act and an obs-

Mr. Begin repeated his insis-

tence that Israel would not allow the Palestine Liberation

Organisation to participate in

banon, Mr. Begin said: 'The Christians would have been destroyed if we had not come

Former Acting Prime Minis-ter Shimon Peres, now leader

ters after the Knesset meeting

that Mr. Begin should have

tried to reach an accord with

the U.S. on the substance of

negotiations at Geneva instead

of confining himself to proce-

U.S. prepared to supply arms

more C-130 transport planes to

Egypt, along with other "non-

The total value of the equip-

ment was estimated by offi-cials at \$200 million. One press

report, in the New York Ti-

mes, listed the equipment as

14 C-130's, I2 biltless drone re-

consissance planes and six so-

The spokesman cited Egypt's

"We would note Mr. Sadat

independence of Soviet arms as

has ended his dependence on

the Soviet Union and expres-

sed a desire to diversify his source of arms supplies," Mr. Carter said. "We believe it is

clearly in our interest to assist

Sudan, Egypt's closely allied neighbour to the south, will

be able to obtain weapons to

serve its "legitimate defence

He said the administration's

needs," the spokesman said.

him where possible."

reason for the decisinn.

phisticated reconnaissance ca-

lethal equipment."

to Egypt, Sudan says spokesman

the opposition, told repor-

On the conflict in south Le-

tacle on the road to peace,'

coalition cabinet.

were absent.

be charged.

any peace talks.

to their aid."

dural Issues.

the more and the standard

Mr. Begin's statement nn his visit to Washington was supported by 59 votes of the Likud National Religious Party and Agudat Israel Party, with 36 Labour and leftwing members against and 13 abstrelations. entions by the Demo-cratic Movement for Change

East situation and the possibility of achieving a just and durable peace in the region.

#### Sharif Sharaf meets Sadat

AMMAN (JNA). - The Chief

He told reporters upon retu-

"It is not enough to say we are for peace, but we must say we are ready to pay the price for peace," Mr. Peres

# talks with

TEHRAN, July 27 (JNA). His Majesty King Hussein today held talks with the Shah of Iran on international issues and bilateral

His Majesty briefed the Shah on the latest develooments in the Middle

of the Royal Hashemite Court, Sharif Abdel Hamid Shraraf, returned to Amman last night after meeting with President Anwar Sadat of Egypt in Alexanrdia. Sharif Sharaf delivered a letter from King Hussein to President Sadat on developments in the Middle East situation and later conferred with Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmi, and met Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim

ming to Amman that the message dealt with coordination among the Arab confrontation states and was the same as a message he earlier delivered to Syrian President Assad. Sharif Sharaf told reporters

at Amman airport before leaving Wednesday morning for Egypt that he would also be visiting Saudi Arabia on a si-

recent decisinn had been con-

veyed to Sudan. On mutual ag-

reement, a U.S. military survey

team will travel there in Au-

gust "to check into what may

C-130 planes, no specific arms

have been approved for the Sudan, he said.

The team will consist of eight

officers -- four from the ar-my, there air force and one

navy -- as well as a state de-

The spokesman would not

give details of bow arms would

be paid for by either country.

decision on Somalia yesterday, be said arms could be sold on

the easy terms of the fnreign

case was a limited decision.

military credit sales act.

By contrast in disclosing the

Asked if the three sales re-

They are responses to new

partment official.

Other than the sale of six

be legitimate defence needs.

## Sadat accepts new proposals from Arab peace mediators

ALEXANDRIA, July 27 (R). — Egypt today accepted several points in an Arab peace formula designed to end the crisis with the Libyan Jamahiri-yah, the Egyptian Middle East News Agency said.
The peace proposal now on

the table is a compromise between Egyptian and Libyan views and was framed by Arab Me-

Palestinian sources said the compromise package was dra-wn up by Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat, Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmed Al Sabah and Arab League Secretary General Ma-hmoud Riad.

Mr. Arafat and Sbeikh Al Sabah presented it to President Sadat here today, MENA Mr. Sadat set his own con-

ditions for lasting peace with the Libyans after Sunday's ce-asefire. These were rejected by Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi, eccording to the pro-Libyan Beirut newspaper As-Safir today.

The sources said the fresh proposals took into considera-

Egypt.

Egypt's interior ministry today circulated the press with a full report of what it termed "Qadhafi's sabotage attempts inside Egypt."
It detailed about 50 cases Palestinian sources disclosed ranging from bomb blasts ir.

the existence of the compromise set of proposals last night. tion Egypt's main condition for peace with the Libyans -an end to what Cairo claims

The ceasefire announced by President Sadat late on Sunday was holding for the third co-nsecutive day although the Lib-

— Dismantle training camps on the border area which Cairo yans have so far not acknowsays are used for subversive ledged that it exists. Last night activity against Egypt. President Sadat said the figh-ting was all over and the Ja-

# WALL STREET CRASHING

financial world however and

the release of the June trade

figures triggered the massive

fall of the industrial index in

The dollar, which had begun

a recovery earlier, dropped

again today on the New York

and Lodon foreign exchange

markets after the news of the

At the same time, the Bank

of England ceased its recent

bold-down of Sterling which

had been pegged close to the

value of the dollar. The British

currency immediately began

Wall Street.

record deficit.

floating upwards.

NEW YORK, July 27 (Agencies). — Wall Street registered a dramatic 21 point crasb-the biggest in 18 months- just prior to closing today.

The fall in the industrial index followed, financial circles said, today's publication of America's biggest monthly trading deficit ever, put at \$2,800

Half an hour before closing, the Dow Jones industrial index had slumped to 887.48 points. The record \$2,800 million shortfall for June was twice that of May, which stood at \$1,200 million, the department This latest figure put the tra-

de deficit to \$12,600 million since the beginning of this year, compared to \$6,000 mil-lion for the first six months of last year.

The administration attributed the deterioration of the trade balance, likely to put further pressure on the dollar, to the soaring "oil bill",

In a communique published soon after the June figures' release, the Department endorsed the view, expressed by Commerce Assistant Secretary for International Affairs Frank Wheile in Bonn recently, that the hike of oil prices had had an adverse effect on the U.S. trade balance.

Mr. Wheile said that it would take ten years or even mo-

re to redress the balance. He added that it was logical that the United States as the biggest oil importer registered the greatest trade deficit.

He was confirming a view widely beld bere that U.S. traflected a new policy by the administration be said each de deficits should not cause concern because they contribute to the economic growth of other regions of the world. and specific requests," he sald. This is not shared by the

planted at bis rest house in Mersa Matruh, 225 kms. from the Libyan border. The original Egyptian peace are Libyan subversive acts in conditions as spelt out by Palestinian sources here were

 Stop supporting opposition political groups inside Egypt. **RECORD TRADE GAP SENDS** - End propaganda warfare against Egypt.

— Halt all activities aimed

at jeopardising Egypt's internal security. As-Safir said in Beirut the

city squares to an alleged att-

empt on the life of President

Sadat when explosives were

that Libya must:

Libyan authorities rejected Cairo's conditions because they were dictated as if Egypt was the victor and Libya the vanquisbed." It said the Libyans regarded the Egyptian wish for disman-

tling of training camps as an infringement of Libyan sovereignty.
President Sadat's tone struck his audience as moderate last night when he dealt with the conflict during a speech marking the departure into exile of

the late King Farouk 25 years It had been a ridiculous dispute over "a small strip of de-

#### Egyptian prisoner regrets fighting

LONDON, July 27 (R). — An on saying that the Egyptian regime made the Egyptian sofor the recent border fighting but that the Cairo government had led him and his comrades to think the Libyans were mobilised to attack, the Libyan News Agency reported.

The Arab Revolution News Agency (ARNA) said the pri-soner, Major Ibrahim Abdul Aziz Zevad. led a commando attack on Al Jaghboub, where he was captured. Al-Jaghboub is 30 kms. inside the Libyan Jamahiriyah.

The agency said the Major told reporters today that the troops duties were disclosed to them only two hours before the operation "so that the so-ldiers could not object ..."

ARNA added that "he went

yans said today be was sorry ldiers believe that the Libyan Arab armed forces were mobilised to attack Egypt". ARNA said he and his com-

rades in Egypt's armed forces

felt regret for the offensive devised by the Egyptian regi-Another prisoner quoted by ARNA said that, in captivity

I feel I am among clan and friends . . . "... But I feel that my fa-mily will be subject to dan-

ger in Alexandria by the Egyptian regime", added Lientenant Adel Abdusalam, accor-

ding to the Agency.

ARNA said there had been a rush of volunteers throughout the Jamahiriyah to register to their names "to meet the naked Sadat aggression".

sert land," he said. President Sadat has sent several messages to Arab leaders explaining his views on the dis-

Price: 50 fils

He is scheduled today to see Syrian Foreign Minister Abdel-Halim Khaddam, carrying a message from President Hafez Mr. Khaddam will then fly to Tripoll with a message from Mr. Assad for Col. Oadhafi.

The Egyptian press persist-ed in claiming that the clashes were a Soviet plot.

The mass-circulation Al-Akhbar said: "The Russian plot

COTONOU, July 27 (AFP).

— Libyan Head of State Col Muzmmar Qadhafi wants the Organisation of African Unity to organise a special ministerial meeting to discuss the Libya-Egypt conflict, he said in a mes-sage received here today.

The message from Col. Qadhafi to Benin Head of State Mathieu Kerekou said the Libyan foreign minister had been asked to contact the OAU with the request.

Col. Qadhafi said the Egyptian "aggression cons-titutes a blatant violation of the Organisation of African Unity charter and a threat to peace in the region".

against the Egyptian people was exposed. The Russians tried to take cover behind the Libyan authorities but It was clear that the Russians were pushing Qadhafl to commit such acts of folly against In Beirut Arab diplomatic so-

urces said today a number of Palestinian fighters had left Lebanon for Libya to join troops deployed on the border with Egypt. The sources said the fight

ers, whose number was not given, carried Libyan passports and began to leave on their mission three days ago.

They travelled by way of a number of European capitals where they boarded Libyan planes for the rest of the journey. the sources edded.

PARIS, July 27 (AFP). — Li-byan leader Muammar Qadhafi had talks today with Nayef Hawatmeh, leader of the hardline popular Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PDFLP), the Arab Revolution News Agency reported from Tripoli.

#### SOMALI INSURGENTS CONTINUE FIERCE FIGHTING INSIDE ETHIOPIA'S BORDERS

LONDON, July 27 (R). — So-mali-backed insurgents said today fighting against Ethiopia was still raging in the Horn of Africa, adding they had now captured seven important cent-

Ethiopia says it is fighting a defensive battle against e full scale Somali invasion backed by tanks and planes of its Ogaden desert region. So-malia denies sending in regulars, but makes no secret of its support for the insurgents' West Somalia Liberation Front.

A front statement issued by Somalia's Embassy bere today said "fierce fighting, in which the front has the upper hand over the occupation forces, is still raging throughout West

It listed seven "important towns and centres in Ethiopian occupied West Somalia," as baving been captured between July 16 and 25, naming them as Gode, Kebre Dehar, Warde, Dudub, Oawber, Gogti and Sbilaabo.

The first three have been reported captured in earlier communiques by the front. Britain said today it was

willing to supply Somalia with modest quantities of weapons for defensive purposes. A Foreign Office spokesman told reporters Britain had been discussing with the United States and their other allies the situation in the Horn of Af-

In Addis Ababa today Ethio-pia charged that the United States decision to arm Somalia underscores America's deep involvement in the reactionary conspiracy to subvert progressive governments in the region and to belp transform the Red Sea into an exclusive domain of imperialism.

The charge was contained in an official commentary here by the Ethiopian News Agency on the United States state department announcement last night that Washington had agreed to arm Somalia. The agency said Mogadishu had been involved in secret talks with various reactionary Arab regimes since the ouster from Ethiopia last April of several Uni-

ted States programmes, including the military assistance mission. It said these talks were aimed at securing reactionary middlemen to buy American arms for Somalia. The Iraqi information ministry in Baghdad today denied

an Ethiopian allegation yesterday that Iraqi pilots were flying missions with the Somali air force in the fighting in Ethiopia's Ogađen region, Mr. Abdullab Hassan Mahmoud, leader of the Western

Somalia Liberation Front, arri-

ved in Baghdad last night for

talks on Iraqi aid to his mo-The Iraq News Agency today quoted him as saying that the visit, expected to last several days "deals with the question of Iraq's aid to the front to liberate the Somali sector

from Ethiopian occupation."

SQUIBB Middle East S.A. in Amman Requires experienced full time secretary for immediate employment. Good English essential.

> For appointment call 36361-36362 from 8 a.m. - 2 p.m.

On the occasion of His Majesty King Hussein's silver jubilee and under the patronage of the minister of culture and youth

THE DEPARTMENT OF CULTURE AND ARTS IN COOPERATION WITH

THE AMERICAN CENTRE PRESENTS TWO MUSICAL PERFORMANCES OF AMERICAN JAZZ

Miami Jazz Band on Saturday, 30 July Jazz Band and Southern Comfort on Sunday, July 31 at 8 p.m at the Palace on Culture

Open invitation

# Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily and mortal desired mortal and friendless

Managing Editor
Jenab Tetunji
Deputy Managing Editor
Sassem Bishuti

Relitorial Staff
Sciem Natities
Cliff Bale
Alan Mortiny

Soard of Directors

Juma's Hamad Raja Elissa Mohemad Amad Mehmoud Al Kayad

Responsible Editor
Monamed Amad

Editorial and Advertising Offices:
JOEDAN PRESS FOUNDATION
University Read - P.O. Box 6710 - Amman, Jordan
Tel. 6717: 2/3/4 - Cables: JORTIMES - Telex: 1497

#### ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Jordanian dailies Wednesday were concerned with the implementation of the Cairo agreement to Lebanon: the establishment of more Israeli rettlements and the need for the USA to redefine its position on the Middle East.

AL DUSTOUR said the Pa-

AL DUSTOUR said the Paiestinians and the Leoanese have started implementing the Cairo agreement and the withorawal of troops has started to take place in the south of Leoanon.

The implementation of the Cairo agreement, the paper said, means that the Syrian attempt to end the Lebanese civil war has succeeded and that both contestants consider the highest interest of the Arabs to be more important than personal grudges. To have stability in southern Lebanon would allow the country to play its full role as an Arab state and would give it the opportunity to rehuild itself and to resolve all its internal problems.

Meanwhile, the paper added. Arab efforts have succeeded in putting an end to the armed clashes oo the Libyan-Egyptian horder and Arab mediators are still probing into the reasons which led to these clashes in the hope of finding a final solution.

The paper concluded by saying that the positive changes taking place on the western and eastern fronts of the confrontation line with Israel raise the hope that the Arabs would transcend the explosive stage they are passing through and would remember that israel is their common ene-

Menachem Begin, in an answer to a reporter's question on Tuesday on whether his government would comply with President Carter's request not

to establish more Israeli set-

tlements in occupied territories said that his government would not "forbid" the establishment of settlements and has no intension of doing so. The paper commented that such a statement by Mr. Begin, coming before the visit of Mr. Cyrus Vance, U.S. Secretary of State, to the Middle East is an attack on President Carter's peace plans especially that the American president has steered clear of such a confrontation with Mr. Begin during the latter's visit to the USA. Because President Carter has postponed discussion of

olace.

The paper concluded by saying that hy not recognising the existence of the Palestinian people Israel accordingly would not withdraw from Palestinian land and would continue establishing set-

all the sensitive issues, such

as Israeli withdrawal accord-

ing to U.N. Resolution 242, un-

Mr. Vance's visit takes

AL SHA'B, in an editorial entiled "Arah moderation has its limits," said that now that Mr. Begin's visit to the USA is over President Carter is asked to redefine the American position towards the Middle East. This is asked from the USA, the paper went on, because Mr. Begin back in Tel Aviv still maintains his hard-line policy.

The paper explained that Mr. Begin recently stated that Palestine is only a part of Israeli land, which hints that the land so far occupled by Israel is just a part of what it still wants to occupy. In such a case there is no need for reconvening the Geneva conference unless, the paper added sarcastically, the business of the conference would be to discuss how Israel plans to acquire the "remainder" of "its" lands.

# The Allotria Jazzband blew hot one cool night

By Maha Bules Special to the Jordan Times

The wind blew cold and strong in the garden of Haya Arts Centre Tuesday night, but the music of the Allotria Jazzband blew hot and sweet.

The band, established in 1969 and based in Munich, played a series of three concerts in Amman Monday and Tuesday as part of West Germany's contribution to the silver jubiles calabrations.

lee celebrations.

It was one of the few chances to hear a traditional jazz band in action. It dipped into the traditional swing and dixie oag for its material.

it was also obvious that the seven musicians felt very much at home with their fellow Germans - Bach, Mozart and Beethoven. They took an air by Bach and Mozart's Eine Kleine Nachtmusik and transformed them into something that even the most serious classical music lover would en-

joy.
Traditionally, this is known as swinging the classics, and swing they did. It brought a

smile to everyone's face.

And smiling, incidentally, is important to the Allotria Jazzband. In ao interview oo the band said that they played swing and dixie because it was happy music, and they felt happy playing it. Well, they certainly looked it as the eve-

ning progressed.

Rainer Sander, mainly on ciarinet, but also on saxophone, was the star of the evening. He was like a live fire, with every muscle in his hody vibrating -- he is in fact a doctor by profession. (The band is hilled as semi-professional because some of its members do

other things for a living.)
Joern Pfenning, the cool saxophonist, clarinettist and vocalist of the group, who turned
hot later in the evening, works

as a television compere.

There was also jolly Fritz
Stewens on trombone. It was
obvious that he was enjoying
himself and in no time established a rapport with the children in the audience. The band's drummer. Hansi Richter

The hand also spotlighted one of its instruments, the Herculesphon, an original antique tuba made in Odessa last century. The man who played it -- or more accurately -- the man who got entangled in it, was Juergen Hinz, the hand's bassist.

drew a lot of response during

his solo halfway through the

programme.

Allotria's pianist, Achim Scherz, stayed in the shade hoth physically and musically. Towards the end there were a few moments when he could bave opened up and leta go. He had one or two short solos, which did not do him justice.

which did not do him justice.
And of course there was serious Gerhard Vohwinkel, Allotria's founder and leader, as well as trumpeter. He was master of ceremonies for the evening, but he did not loosen up until the second half of the concert.

Emphasis must go on the second half of the programme. If anybody left during the interval, they certainly left with the wrong impression -- without experiencing the full impact of the hand and the man who stole the

show -- Rainer Sander.

Numbers like King of the Zulus and Eccentric, and the vocal flat Foot Floogie were high points, and they all came in the second half. Two pieces in the first half, namely Squeeze Me and The Entertainer were rather disappointing. But the crowning joy was Beethoven's Fifth Symphony, the final number of the evening and by far the best of the three "swung"

After playing Mozart's Eine Kleine Nachtmusik, leader Voinwinkel said he hoped that Mozart was not turning in his grave hecause of the treatment his music received. He said he did not think so, because Mozart had been a happy man, and he would appreciate

happy music.

Whether the master enjoyed it or not is debatable, but it is safe to say that the bot and sweet sound of the Allotria Jazzband warmed up a rather

cool and winblown evening.

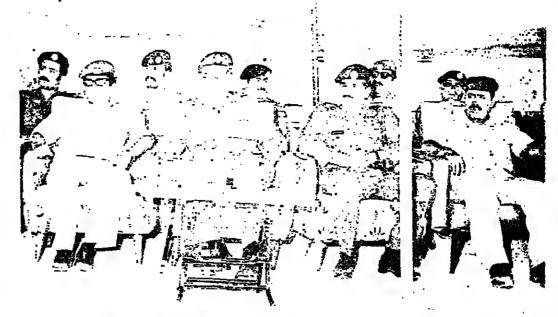
#### North Yemeni military team visits army

AMMAN (INA). — Members of a North Yemeni military delegation Wednesday visited the headquarters of the Fourth Royal Armoured Division and were briefed on its organisation. They also attended festivities held on the occasion of the division's 20th anniversary.

Earlier Wednesday morning,

Earlier Wednesday morning, they were received by the Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief, Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zeid Ibn Shaker. The meeting was attended by Chief of Staff Maj.-Gen. Mohammad Idriss and the head of Jordan's military mission in North Yemen.

The military delegation, headed by Lt.-Col. Ahmad Ali Fakih, Director of the North Yemeni commander-in-Chief's office, arrived here last Wednesday to inspect military installations and acquaint themselves with training techniques.



Members of a North Yemeni military delegation (in light uniforms) mingle with their Jorda counterparts during a visit to the Fourth Royal Armoured Division Wednesday. (JNA photo).

# Hotel Training Centre fights against tourist sector's chronic shortage of proficient staff

By Rami G. Khouri Special to the Jordan Times

If history and nature have been kind to Jordan by leaving it an extraordinary combination of touristic sites, Jordan has not returned the kindness by providing the kinds of efficient services and facilities that are the heart of any serious tourism: industry.

The weak links in Jordan's tourism equation have been hotel space and personnel. While the problem of adequate hotel space will be largely solved by the end of this year, the programme to turn out sufficient and proficient staff for the country's booming tourism industry is just now hitting its stride.

The two-pronged strategy being implemented includes in-service training schemes for employees already on the jobs, and the training of new personnel at the ILO-assisted Hotel and Tourism Training Centre. Both of these were devised in 1974 as interim solutions until, the oew Hotel and Tourism Management Training School opens its doors here in the 1980-81 academic year.

Project Manager for the Hotel and Tourism Training Centre is Mr. Adnan Habboo, an expert from the International Labour Organisation (ILO), who first came here in early 1974 in response to a Jordanian government request for technical training assistance in this field.

His first task was to organise and run a three-month managerial-level course to upgrade the proficiency of hotel and restaurant personnel.

When he followed this up with a detailed survey of Jordan's projected tourism personnel requirements, the government quickly appreciated the need to set up some kind of training facility to turn out the staff that the country's hotels and restaurants will require over the coming decade.

#### 2,000 new employees

According to the figures Mr. Habboo has compiled for the Tourism and Antiquities Ministry, Jordan will require about 5,000 new hotel rooms in the next four years (projects underway or in the pipeline will account for 3,000 new rooms already). This is based on a projection of 1.2 million tourists visiting Jordan in

Taking what Mr. Habboo calls a "very humble and conservative overall average" of 0.4 employees per botel bed (the international standard is 0.7 per bed), this means that Jordan wil! need at least 2,000 new employees in the tourism industry by 1990.

To put this in perspective, these 2,000 new staff will have to come on top of the 1,290 people who now man

Jordan's existing 1,675 reoms.

Where will these new people come from?

The truth is that nobody really knows, but the core of

ing turned out hy the training centre.

Mr. Michael Hamarneh, the new Under-Secretary at the Tourism and Antiquities Ministry, expresses the hope that half the required new personnel will be turned out by the training centre and the in-service training programmes that

are already underway in many

local hotels and restaurants.

skilled workers is already be-

Inadequate service

He told the Jordan Times in an interview bere last week: "We know that many more serious discussions in the press so that younger people, and particularly women, can be made aware of the potential opportunities in this field."

Mr. Hamarneh predicts that most hotels and restaurants would end up training their own personnel, a task that will he made easier as more graduates of the Hotel and Tourism Training Centre take up jobs in the field.

He rules out the efficacy and advisability of hringing in large numbers of foreign workers - as is now being done here in other sectors, such as agriculture -- by saying that "in a service industry things should be run by your own nationals. Foreign labour



An instructor (left) demonstrates the proper technique to peel shrimps to two trainees bedecked in their traditional cook's caps. (Photos by Rami G. Khouri).



ILO expert Adnan Habboo (foreground) and his Jordanian co-manager at the training centre, Mr. Ismail Al Hassan, ponder a chart that shows the rising demand for hotel staff in Jordan.

foreigners feel the service they get is inadequate, and there could be a bad backlash from a lack of good services. We are a country that is rich in touristic sites and attractions, but we are weak in personnel and services. Very often people here think of building things, but they don't always think of how they will run them. We hope to get the people in the tourism industry to discuss these problems more often and to have

WHAT'S GOING ON

A couple of tours organised by the Friends of Archaeology...

Friday, July 29: A visit to the last day of excavations at Um

Al Jamal, a fascinating and vast baselt city occupied in many periods of history, which boasts numerous Byzantine churches and

Roman towers. You will be shown around by Burt Devries, pro-

ing his second season at the site. Meet at 8 a.m. in front of the

Department of Antiquities located on the left of Zahran Street one and a half blocks from Third Circle. Bring your picule and

Saturday, July 30: Those who are free and who can get up early are invited to join Tom Parker on a tour he is giving for the excavators at Um Al Jamal of part of the Roman fort system. His tour will include Halabat, Azraq and other desert forts. The meeting place is in Mafraq at 7.38 a.m. in front of the school for disabled children.

fessor of history at Calvin College in Michigan, who is comp

makes little sense for us."

The Hotel and Tourism Training Centre started offering courses in January 1976, and as of this month it has graduated 155 people, on top of the 250 employees who received in-service training at their places of work.

#### Intensive training

Mr. Habboo explains that the centre is now shifting its basic programmes to offer more intensive training and to turn out graduates with higher levels of skills.

For the past two years, six-

For the past two years, sixmonth courses have been offered in four basic areas: Front office and reception; kitchen and pastries; restaurant and bar; and housekeeping. The course was divided up into a three-month session at the centre and n threemonth follow-up session working in a hotel or restaurant.

But as of September, the centre will offer a nine-month course for kitchen and restaurant staff, and a six-month course for froot office, reception and housekeeping personnel, with the aim of turning set 108 people every year.

A full 90 per cent of the centre's graduates have found

centre's graduates have found work immediately in Jordan, while the other 10 per cent have gone ahroad for further training (often on scholarships awarded to Jordan by Switzerland, Great Britain, Morocco, Austria and Ireland).

All the students to date have been young Jordanians, though one of the disappointing aspects of the centre's first two years is that no women applicants have stepped forward to take advantage of the free training opportunity.

The centre, which is located at the end of the side street that turns off at the Zananiri shop on the road between Abdali and the Intelligence building, is jointly managed by the ILO project manager, Mr. Habboo, and his Jordanian counterpart, Mr. Ismail Al Hassan.

Mr. Habboo's supervision of the front office and housekeeping courses is complemented by the work of the second ILO expert, Mr. Guy Blanchard, of France, who supervises the food and beverage segment of the centre's work,

The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) funds the ILO expertise and all the technical equipment, while the Jordanian government pays for the huilding, managerial and clerical staff and all operating expenses.

#### Management school

The UNDP has just approved financing the centre for two more years, and the alm now is that the work of the centre will be coordinated to mesh with the opening of the full Hotel and Tourism Management Training School in 1980.

The school, to be built on a 13-dunum site on the Fourth Circle of Jabal Amman, will train high-level personnel who will take up managerial roles (while the centre is geared more to providing hasic level workers). The school will have a capacity of 240 students, turning out 80 graduates per year in a three-year course corde.

residential quarters for the supervisory staff.

Eight Jordanians are now heing trained in Great Britain to run the new school, which will cost \$1.5 million to build and will he financed in part by a loan from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank).

#### Hectic race

With the hotel occupancy rate in Jordan running at a feverish pace of 92 per cent last year, the tourism sector plagued by the pervasive threat of losing skilled workers to higher-paving iobs in the Gulf and hrisk demand for more and better workers expected to be maintained for the coming three years at least, Jordan is in a continual and hectic race to stay one step ahead of the rising demand for hotel staff.

mand for hotel staff.

Mr. Habboo says that "with
the tourism industry's growth
as it is, our aim is the maximum production of manpower at a high standard of
quality."

The quality of the centre's graduates has already been attested to by laudatory reports about graduates placed in Jordan's leading hotel. The question that remains to he answered is whether the training that is taking place at the centre and in the in-service programmes can help the tourism industry meet the full demand for workers.

This will be a crucial point

in Jordan's long-term aspirations to develop as a major touristic centre, and the answer probably lies in a comblnation of state-run programmes such as the training centre and the new hotel management school, and parallel efforts by the private hotels and restaurants that make up the vast majority of Jordan's touristic infrastructure.

# American company to plan Jordan Valley project

WASHINGTON, July 27 (JNA).

— An agreement for the preparation of plans for the second stage of the Jordan Valley irrigation project was concluded here Tuesday between the Jordan Valley Authority and the Chicago-based Harze

Engineering Company.

Under the agreement, Harze will prepare final plans and tender documents for the project within 16 months of the date of signature of the agree-

Engineering aervices to be provided by the company will cost \$6.7 million. The U.S. Agency for International Development will loan \$5 million and the West German Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau the remaining \$1.7 million.

The project includes the construction of a 150-metre dam capabla of storing 250 million cubic metres of water on the Yarmouk River at Maqarin and a 20 MW generator.

It also includes the extension

It also includes the extension of the East Ghor Canal from

#### Hotel permits to be re-examined

AMMAN (JNA). — Permits for a number of non-classified hotels here will be re-examined because the hotels do not provide the necessary services, Director General of Tourism Michael Hamarneh said Tues-

Mr. Hamarneh, who made an inspection tour of these hotels Tuesday, said the competent department at the Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities will prepare a detailed report on the subject to be submitted to the hoard of the Tourism Authority.

Karameh to the Dead Sea and the installation of a sprinkler system to irrigate 250,000 dunums of land.

The agreement was signed at the Jordanian embassy here by the Deputy Director General of the Jordan Valley Authority, Dr. Munther Haddadine, and for Harze by its deputy direc-

# Contract awarded for design of heart institute

AMMAN (J.T.). — The design contract for the JD 5 million Queen Alya Heart Institute, to be constructed here, has been awarded to Haery International, Inc. of Atlanta, Georgia and the Amman-based company, Arabtech.

ny, Arabtech.

The building, to be attached to the King Hussein Medical Centre, will house a 100-bed cardiovascular centre. It will include four operating suites, four intensive care units, and other specialised departments that will provide a full range of facilities for surgery and treatment of cardiac cases.

treatment of cardiac cases.

Open heart surgery was first introduced to Jordan in-1970. Since then, more than 1,000 open-heart operations have been performed. The top heart surgeon is Dr. Dawud Hanania, and the leading cardiologist Dr. Yusuf Goussous, who recently became the first Jordanian cardiologist to he awarded the Fellowship of the American College of Cardiology.

erican College of Cardiology.
The King Hussein Medical
Centre, located on a 150-ace
site, is a 700-bed, multi-speciality military hospital, which
was opened in 1973.

# ICAO may train Alya airport technicians

AMMAN (JNA). — The Chairman of the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO), Dr. As'ad Kotaite, left here Wednesday after a three-day visit to Jordan during which he discussed the possibility of the ICAO holding a four-year training course for 460 Jorda-

#### Encyclopaedia on Palestine to be published soon

CAIRO, July 27 (SANA). —
The Arab Educational, Cultural and Scientific Organisation (AECSO) has decided to publish a Palestinian encyclopaedia that provides basic facts about Palestine—its land, people and civilisation.

A number of committees was formed by the organisation to work on this encyclopaedia. An administrative council, whose members include Jordanian Ambassador in Saudi Arabia Dr. Nassereddine Al Assad, oversees work.

# Princess Sarvath meets U.S. team

AMMAN (JNA). — Her Highness Princess Sarvath Wednesday discussed with a visiting delegation of American women university teachers the chances for success of an intermediate university college, which the Young Women's Moslem Association intends to establish. The Director of the Women's Department at the Labour Ministry, Mrs. In'am Muftl, told the teachers that the college will receive Jordanian women of all ages and cultural back-

nian technicians to prepare them for operating Queen Alya International Alrport. Dr. Kotaite stated on his de-

Dr. Kotaite stated on his departure that the ICAO has committed itself to providing Jordan with \$2 million over a four-year period for the improvement of technical equipment and services.

and services.
Dr. Kotaite was seen off at the airport by the Director General of the Department of Civil Avlation, Mr. Sharif Ghazi Rakan, and the U.N. resident representative in Jordan.

# University to take part in various meets

AMMAN (JNA). — The University of Jordan will take part in a series of meetings over the next two months.

Dr. Mahmoud Ibrahim, Dean of Scientific Research and Higher Studies, will represent the university at an international seminar to study the Arabic language and society to be held in Tunis early next month under the auspless of the Arab Educational, Cultural and Scientific Organisation (AECSO). Dr. Elias Saliba, a professor at the Faculty of Science, will represent the university at an Arab hiology conference to be held in Baghdad in mid-Septembers.

mber.

The University of Jordan has also received an invitation to attend the first Arab conference of biologists to be held in Alexandria in October. This conference is also sponsored

conference is also sponsared by AECSO.

Meanwhile, the University of Jordan has formed a special committee to study a plan for tha creation of an Islamic educational and cultural body to publicise Islamic culture and education and preserve Islamic

### NATIONAL NOTES

\* AMMAN. — During its Wednesday session, the Cabinet decided to appoint Dr. Hanl Al Amad as Director General of the Culture and Arts Department.

AMMAN. — Minister of Culture and Youth Sharif Fawwer Sharaf Wednesday presided over a meeting of the Theatre Committee. The committee decided to present three plays during the first part of this season. Two plays will be by Western play, wrights -- Gogol and Lorca -- and the third by an Arab -- Alfred Farai

\* AMMAN. — A visiting Dutch historian, Dr. Hiltermann, Wednesday visited Yarmouk University. He was told about the establishment of the university and plans for the future. Dr. Hillermann is currently preparing a comparative study of the three kingdoms of Jordan, Saudi Arabia and Morocco.

هكذا صن النَّهِ مل

## هكذا حن النَّهِ مل

#### Part II

# Carter and Begin: The American Jewish dilemma

EDITOR'S NOTE:

Eric Rouleau, special correspondent for Le Monde, the French daily newspaper, in the following inquiries analyses Washington's policy in the Middle East, its repercussions on the American political scene and evaluates the risks of possible confrontation between President Carter and Menachem Begin,

The article appeared in Le Monde from 8-10 July and thus was written prior to

the Carter-Begin meeting in Washington.

American officials were stupfled when they learnt from lose Likud sources, that according to Mr. Begin's interretation, resolution 242 did ot imply the handing over of the West Bank to a foreign aubority other than that of Isael. Mr. Begin, the same soures added, was sure in conincing the Arabs that Israel's resence in the West Bank was o the best of their interests.

President Carter at this stae thought that the influence of the powerful Jewish organiations in the U.S. would inluence the new Israeli govern-

On April 2 President Carter and his national security advier Zbigniew Brzezinski took part in two Seders (ceremonial vening meal marking the Jevish Passover). Wearing a surmulke (skullcap), the Bapist from Georgia was the guet of Robert Lipshutz, a close White House aide, while the olish-born Catholic Brzezinsd at Rep. Steve Rosenfeld's able. All through the reading "f the Haggadah (the story of ne flight of the Jews from Egpt), the president and his adiser were on the phone disussing urgent matters. At the nd of one of his calls, Brzeinski jokingly told his host: How come, Steve, that Jimmy carter has already finished the inggadah while we are still the middle of it?" Stung, :.ld have most certainly been the first to finish if the presient hadn't kept interrupting

The anecdote, hawked aroud in New York's Jewish circas, goes to illustrate the unan-nously held belief that Carter very sympathetic to the Je-Class. It also suggests probably merica's most powerful comjunity. He took the precaution f ensuring he had expert Je-

wish help in organising his presidential campaign. He "hired" two members of the community, who are among the best to be found in Washington -- the Los Angeles lawyer Edward Sanders, who quit bis post as president of the allpowerful Jewish lobby known as the American Israel Public Affaira Committee (AIPAC) and Paul Zuckerman, president of the United Jewish Appeal (the body which collects funds for Israel) - - to rally the Jewish vote in eight states where it is considerable: New York, California, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Massachusetts, Florida,

Somewhat doubtful of his Baptist evangelism, the Jewish establishment were initially cool to Carter, preferring to lean towards his Democratic rival, Sen. Henry Jackson, an unconditional admirer of Israel as the 'bastion of the West' and a tireless champion of Soviet dissidents. In February 1976, Carter devoted one of bis first election encounters to a meeting with New York's leading Jews. For this purpose be hired a hall for 200 persons, but only 20 turned up. In the April primaries, he collected only 4 per cent of the Jewish vote in New York, and in the following month, 10 per cent in Maryland and Michigan.

Maryland and Ohio.

American Jewish leaders sw-Itched their support once Carter was nominated as Democratic candidate. Ford, in their eyes, had been "guilty" of calling in the spring of 1975 for a fresh evaluation of U.S. Middle East policy. They feared a comeback by Henry Kissinger, whom they dubbed in their press as a traitor to his people. So a good many members of the Jewisb electorate, who had in any case always voted Democrat, thought the Georgia governor was the lesser of the two evils. Carter subsequently scraped through to victory on 50.1 per cent of the votes, with

the belp of 60 per cent of the Jewish ballot (constituting slightly over 2 per cent of the natotal).

The Democratic candidate had to work for those votes. In particular, be kept making fervent pro-Israeli statements, going out of his way to reassure audiences quite naturally sceptical of election promises that he 'would never make false or misleading declarations." Literally, of course, he hasn't lied. He did indeed say he was all for Israel having "defensible boundaries", though he did not specify what they should be. He did not speak of a Palestinian "homeland", but only noted in passing one day in November 1975 that no settlement of the conflict was possible 'unlesa the Palestinian people's legitimate rights to a territory and their freedom to choose their own were recognised. The eaders" trick was to sidestep pesky questions by giving woolly and ambiguous answers.

So the "Carter plan" for a Middle East settlement, as it took shape in statements made over the months of March and April, didn't particularly upset American Jewish leaders, who in any case were aware of the president's close connections with the main authors of the guidelines to a Middle East settlement issued by the Brookings Institute. They were even less prone to go for him con-sidering that some of them were not far from sharing bis views. They 'ook into account the Israeli government's desire to avoid a premature showdown which might, on the eve of naming the new governme-nt, alter the reassuring image the Labour Alignment had been trying to project of their relations with U.S. leadership.

The Likud Party victory and the violently angry reactions in the U.S. press to Menachem Begin's annexationist statements threw the U.S. Jewish communlty into disarray. Casual conversations I have had with pe-

on New York's Lower East Side give an idea of the prevailing anguish. Children of immigrants -- many of whom had fled Czarist or Nazi persecution -- were deeply worried at the prospect of a U.S.-Israell confrontation which might resurrect the double narionality and anti-Semitism issues, worried too by the spectre of a new war which would inflict a heavy toll of human lives on Israel. My interlocu-rors were solidly behind Israel on the question of its security, but held divided views on Begin, regarded by some as a fanatic, by others as a great patriot. Most however had no precise opinion either of the man or his party. The revisionist movement spearheaded by VIadimir Jabotinsky and Begin has never had much of an impact on American Judaism. which for 30 years has identified Israel with Ben Gurion's

and Golda Meir's party. Jewisb leaders themselves are deeply divided. Jacques Torczyner of the World Zionist Organisation told me: "Begin is a national hero, a living legend, an authentic statesman." Whereas Rabbi Wolfe Kelman. executive vice-president of the Rabbinic Assembly, said: "American Jews have never taken Begin as a serious politician. What's more, we don't know him very well." And Alexander Schindler, president of the "Council of Presidents" which brings together some 30 Jeworganisations, admitted: have little in common with the Likud's ideology. I belong to the centre left. I opposed the Vietnam war and fought for the rights of blacks." Rab-Arthur Hertzberg, President the American Jewish Congress, described himself as an

Jewish leaders are up against three problems: How to restore community's cohesiveness, how to avoid having to choose between Washington and Jerusalem, and how to maintain their solidarity with Israel, no matter what that costs. This last is an especially ticklish issue. If an Israeli presence on a part of the West Bank can be "sold" to American public opinion on the grounds it is necessary for the country's security, the biblical justification for annexing "Judea and Samaria" is much less

'unrepentant dove".

easy to put over.

EMILE STORES

achieved by means of an expedient. One by one, most of the American Jewish leaders rushed to Jerusalem to ask Begin to tone down a verbal extravagance which was highly damaging to him and ro switch

to a diplomatic language acceptable to world opinion. I was told that Begin let himself be persuaded to do so. At any rate early in June, shortly after the return of Rabbi Schindler, who I noticed was in an exultant mood, the Jewish leaders hammered out a new common strategy, with two inseparable objects -- to "rehabilitate" Begin in American public oplnion and mount a vigorous campaign against the Carter plan. In other words, the compromise arrangement was to avoid dissociating themselves from Israel's new leaders, without however openly endorsing all their arguments concerning a future settlement. By this means, unconditional loyalty to the State of Israel was preserved.

Speaking "on behalf of the entire Jewish community in the United States," Schindler told me: "After five bours of talks with Begin I couldn't help embracing him like a brother. He has an extraordinary awareness of Jewish destiny, culture and folklore. The image that the American press has projected of this man is slanderous. He's neither a terrorist nor an extremist. don't automatically back every Israeli government, but we are convinced that Begin can rise above partisan politics and become a statesman of the stature of a de Gaulle, who led Algeria to independence." Rabbi Hertzberg is even cle-

arer. "American Jews", he sa-id, "don't have to be for or against Begin, but it is their duty to oppose implementation of the Brookings report, which our eyes is no alternative to the Likud's maximalist project. We don't want the United States to guarantee Israel's security. Didn't our government sell the Kurds down the river for a barrel of oil? We are even more opposed to a Palestinian state, for it will become a stalking horse for Soviet subversion. It is as Americans, and in the interests of the United States Itself, that we say no to the Carter plan." Without actually going to

the length of threatening. Je-

## Third Circle Phantasmic By Omar Jawad

### Ingenious little war.....

I am finding it a big enough challenge to help solve the Arab-Israeli conflict, and I don't really need the extra task of trying to figure out what is happening between Egypt and Libya. But since those two sisterly countries have found this a propitious time to bave their own little war in the top right corner of Africa, then I feel it is my duty as a journalist and a person of extraordinary compassion to help people understand what is going on. So, herewith the real story of what is hap-

The brief war last week between Libya and Egypt is nothing less than the first step of a detailed and meticulously worked out plan by which the Arabs will achieve their goal of Arab Unity and simultaneously beat up the Israelis. It is a long and gruesome tale, and I have found out the details from of my sneaky associates in North Africa. I had sent my associates there several weeks ago when I realised that North Africa, with its multiple Arab-vs-Arab conflicts, was chosen as the crucible of Arab Unity. I counted disputes between Algeria and Morocco, Algeria and Mauritania, Tunisia and Libya, Libya and Egypt, and Sudan and Libya. I believe that is more fraternal strife per square kilometre than is found anywhere else in the world, and it dawned upon me one day last week that with so much open conflict in North Africa, that must be the site chosen to spearhead the drive for Arab Unity and vicfory over the common enemy.

The Egyptian-Libvan war gave the secret away, because these two countries were members of the Federation of Arab Republics. The federation is not in the best of shape, of course, but it is a rule of Arab politics that if you are to make war, it is best to make war against your neighbour or someone with whom you have intimate political ties. What better example of this than these two memhers of the same federarion fighring ir out with all they've got?

Now, the secret plan is as follows. With Egypt and Libya fighting away with tanks and planes, everybody's attention would be diverted from the eastern front. This would allow the eastern front states to start bringing their troops and tanks up to the border with the common enemy, and the Israelis would never notice it because they'd be so busy enjoying the war in North Africa.

This is phase one. But you can't fight the Israelis without some prior coordination, and this is to be done by having the Egyptian-Libyan war continue sporadically for at least ten days. During this time, every Arab leader will be expected to go to Tripoli and Cairo at least once to try his hand at mediation. Under the guise of mediation, of course, the leaders would be getting together to plan out the next phase in the struggle against the common enemy.

This is an ingenious plan because the Israelis would never suspect that the Arabs were up to anything different or new. A war has been long overdue between Egypt and Libya, seeing as they had made one oftempt at uniting their countries recently, and in Arab politics it is axiomatic that if your attempts at unity do not work, these must be followed up with a full-scale war.

This also gives the Libyans a chance to practice with all their new weapons, in preparation, of course, for the great day when the Arabs will wage the battle against, you guessed it, the common enemy, But in the meantime, one has to keep in fighting form, and if circumstances are not conducive to fighting the common enemy, then one has to find an enemy closer to home to fight.

The goal of Arab Unity will be helped along by this refreshine little North African war because Libva and Egypt are so stratecically placed along the bridge between the Arab states of North Africa and those of Asia. The thinking in Arab Unity circles is that if this vital land bridge is not forged in waring and cemented by the blood of a thousand martyrs, then there is no use even in trying to bring about Arab Unity.

I am unable to disclose when the rabs will actually strike against the common onemy because that is a military scoret, and if I disclose it here it may result in a loss of Arab life, something that would be unarceptable in view of the fact that we have to keep every soldier and every gun available for the fight against the common enemy.

wish leaders are sounding more and more warnings. "One form of neo-anti-Semitism is to endorse conceptions that would lead to the destruction of Israel," said Arnold Foster, director of the Anti-Defamation League. And he added immediately: "It's too early to say whether Carter can be put in this category. We think the president sincerely believes he is acting in Israel's interests. But bis plan to reduce the Jewish state to its 1967 boundaries

in the destruction of Israel and Jordan." Though they did not want it, none of the people I spoke to ruled out the possibility of a U.S.-Israeli showdown in the near future. Should that hap-

pen, I was assured. American

and belo create a Palestinian

state would ultimately result

have the holocaus: meniality Jews would back Israel soliand aren't going to set back dly against any pressures to which it is subjected. "We and do nothing twice in a generation" was echoed by Rabbi won't allow Carter to turn Israel into a new Czechoslova-kia," sald Torczyner, "No more Hertzberg's "I'm ready 'o lake to the barricades! Munichs ever," And Rabbi Schindler's reminder that "We

To be costinue:

#### AMERICAN COMPANY REQUIRES

- One secretary

- One telex and switchboard operator (FES!ALE) Good English essential.

For appointment call 21903, Miss Rabbat, or write to P.O. Box 20704, Ammar.



111

10

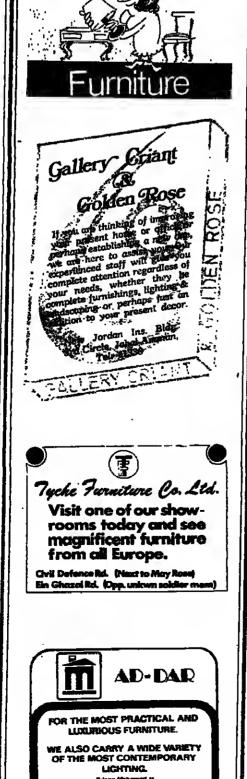
**NEW BAND AT** LE CESAR Restaurants & Nightelub Enjoy our superb Oriental and European cookery. For reservations call 24421

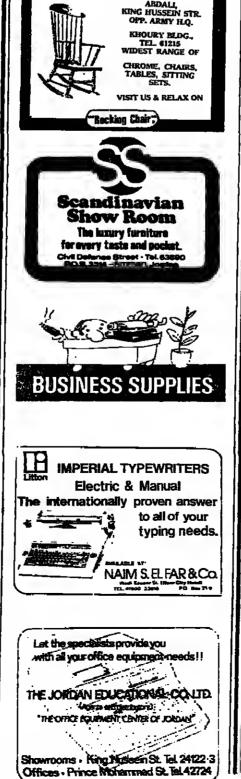
TEL : 62181 AMMAN

፟፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠፠

**经农工程建设企业企业企业企业企业企业** 

Jabal El Weibdeh-Amman









**PLANTS** 

IRAVEL & TOURIST ACENCY

TEL. - 22324-9

O. BOX 222, AMMAN

TELEX 1212 & 1520



## Britain suspends pound's link to U.S. dollar

LONDON, July 27 (AFP). — The British Treasury today in a surprise move announced a temporary suspension of the unofficial link between sterling and the U.S. dollar.

The news of the sudden shift in British monetary policy followed e sharp midday rise . in sterling's dollar rate, indicating that the Bank of England had ceased supporting the

Explaining the change of strategy, the treasury said interventions by the bank on the foreign exchanges to keep sterling's value in terms of the dollar at around 1.72 had in recent days resulted in an the pound's rates against the currencies of Britain's other main trading partners, including those in Western Europe.

excessively sharp decline in

covery last March the Bank of England had intervened steadily on the market to maintain the sterling-dollar rate at ar-

tain the competitivity of British exports.

Denis Healey, the chancellor of the exchequer, said less than two weeks ago that the government intended to maintain this policy, despite the

#### Saboteurs cause minor damage to trans-Alaska oil pipeline

ANCHORAGE, Alaska, July rate the pipe Itself, police ad-27 (R). - The operators of the Alaska oil plpeline said yesterday an explosion that damaged it late Monday night was apparently caused by saboteurs.

The Alyseka Pipeline Service Company said the blast had not been strong enough to cause a leak and oil was being pumped as normal through the 1,280 km, plpeline.

The first oil from the North Slope oil fields is now only 96 kms, from the southern terminal at the Port of Valdez and is expected to arrive there on Thursday.

Alaska state police confirmed that the pipeline bad suffered minor damage from a bomb placed on vertical sup-ports north of Fairbanks.

The bomb damaged pipeline insulation but did not penetSince sterling began its re-

The purpose was to main-

In the process, the central bank has carried nut a massive build-up of its dollar re-

"There was apparently an attempt to sabotage the trans-Alaska plpeline," Alyeska said in a statement.

There was no immediate indication who might have planted the explosives.

The pipeline has been shut down three times this month following mishaps.

The flow was halted at the beginning of the month when cracks were found in a pipe at a pumping station near Fairbanks, and a few days later one man died in an acci-dental explosion at the same pumping station. Both incidents caused stoppages of se-

Last week the oil flow was interrupted for a few hours after a construction vehicle accidentally rammed a valve in the northern section of the

pipeline.

dollar's sharp decline.

He made this clear when he presented the government's recent "mini"-budget.

The Treasury's decision caused sharp surprise on the foreign exchange market here, especially in the light of a sharp recovery by the dollar in the morning hours.

The first indication that the central bank bad withdrawn support from the dollar came around mid-day when sterling suddenly jumped from 1.7205 tn 1.7280, its highest rate agalnst the dollar since last September. Strong demand for sterling from all major centres pushed the currency up across the board.

U.S. seeks renewed

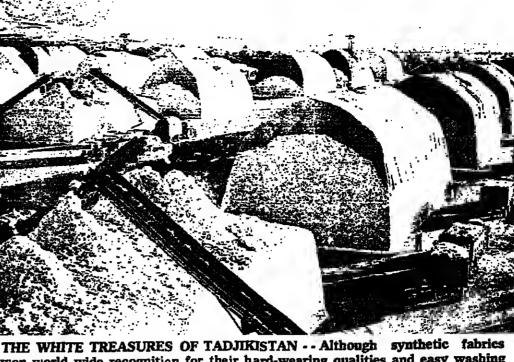
#### textile agreement

GENEVA, July 27 (R). — The United States is to gn ahead with its quest for e new international tariff and trade agreement on textiles despite opposition from developing countries, sources here said yes-

A 50-nation General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) Textiles Committee meeting ended in deadlock three days ago, but GATT so-urces said the U.S. would continue to press for a new "protocol" extending the present agreement but allowing "reasonable departures" from its terms.

The present agreement due to expire at the end of the year. Several developing countries -- notably Brazil, India and Egypt -- want it renewed without change but the U.S. and European Common Market (EEC) countries are pressing for the amendment

The sources said that the U.S. is expected to formally ask GATT to open the new protocol for signature within he next 10 days.



won world wide recognition for their hard-wearing qualities and easy washing this of course in no way means that they have replaced or will ever replace natural fabrics like linen, cotton, wools, and silks, fabrics which from times long past are known for their excellent properties. After the "nylon" boom the demand for cottons, sateens, batiste and voil is growing from day to day. Above is a cotton receiving centre in Nasyr-Khisrau, Shaartuz region, USSR.

#### Bahrain offshore banking assets grow to \$11 billion

BAHRAIN, July 27 (R). — The growth of the Bahrain offshore Mnney Market tn Sil billion at the end of June meant that an Arab dollar market was being truly established. Bahrain Mnnetary Agency Director General Alen Moore said here today.

Reporting the half-yearly results of the Bahrain Offshore Banking Units (OBU) which started operating a tax-free foreign exchange market here some 15 months, he said OBU assets totalled \$11 billion at the end of June compared with \$6.5 billion at the end of 1976. About 75 per cent of dealings in the market were in U.S. dollars totalling some

\$8.25 billion compared with the approximately \$18 billion assets of the Asian dollar mar-ket, established in the late 1960s, he added.
There was an approximate

balance between funds received from and lent to the Arab World and these accounted for about half the market. The Arab dollar market would

begin to emerge next year as an identifiable source of funds for borrowers, leading to increasing Arab a steadily involvement in the risks and rewards of investing their funds, Mr. Moore said.

Dealings in regional curren-cles continued to expand and reached 19 per cent of total assets, he added, The two major regional currencies traded were the Saudi riyal and the Kuwaiti dinar.

Mr. Moore defended the of-fshore banks which are allowed to operate without a reserve requirement against accusations of speculating against Gulf currencies.

He said the monetary agency monitored the operations of these banks and found they had no overbought or oversold positions in these curren-They operate a closely

matched hook," he added.
The offshore banks in fact hain to stabilise these currencies by taking denosits that cannot be absorbed in the domestic banking system and might otherwise be converted into foreign exchange, he ad-

The growth of dealings in local currencies resulted mainly from demands resulting from large orders in real currencies nlaced by Gulf States with outside contractors. This was a growing trend in the Gulf States where, for bud-

### Arab Common Market offers North Yemen membership

SAN'A, July 27 (R). — The Secretary General of the Cairo-based Arab Economic Unity Council, Dr. Abdel Hamid Al Sakban, has sounded North Yemen on the possibility of join-ing the Arab Common Market, officials said here today.

Dr. Sakban, whn arrived in San'a last Sunday on a fiveday visit with the Foreign Ministry to see whether North Yemen would join the Arab Common Market, which includes Egypt, Iran, Jordan and Syria.

Sources said negotiations are underway for Sudan, to join the market.

During his stay in San'a, Dr. Sakban has joined North Yemeni officials in preparing for an international conference which the government bopes to host later this year to discuss its five-year development pl-an launched last month.

getary reasons, governments were placing orders in their own currencies rather than in fluctuating foreign currencies,

Mr. Moore also said the ag-ency was considering issuing a special form of licence for merchant or investment banks to operate from Bahrain where they would be able to arrange longer term finance for local projects, drawing on the funds available to the offshore

#### **UAE** minister visits Venezuela for oil price discussions

ABU DHABI, July 27 (R). — United Arab Emirates (UAE) Oil Minister Mane' Al Oteiba left here today for Caracas to discuss next year's oil pri-ces with Venezuelan leaders.

Dr. Oteiba told reporters be would be having talks with Venezuelan Oil Minister Valentin Hernandez on the oil policies of the member states of the Organisation of Petro-leum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and their effects on

## Coffee producers consider summit

BOGOTA, July 27 (R). — Colombian Exporters Association President Gilberto Arango Londono said here yesterday that coffee producing nations should get together to discuss moves to defend world coffee

"If the fall in prices has resulted from deliberate concerted ection by major con-sumers and if this ection were to continue, producer nations should convene e summit meeting to review the situation and take steps to defend these countries from unfair practices," he said in an interview.

Colombian coffee export pri-ces have fallen \$1.52 per po-und from \$3.33 last March to \$1.81 this week.

Producer countries should seek joint formulae to defend prices and submit them for discussion at one of the forthcoming meetings of the Inter-national Coffee Organisation, Senor Arango Londono con-

## Major controversy is sparked Burns calls for U.S. support of dollar

WASHINGTON, July 27 (R). Federal Reserve Board Chairman Arthur Burns said yesterday the United States has an obligation to support the dollar -- and immediately sparked a major controversy over who runs U.S. foreign exchange policy.

Carter administration offici-

als have constantly stressed that the United States is unconcerned by the dollar's recent decline egainst the West German mark, the Japanese yen and other strong curren-

Cies.
But Mr. Burns told a congressional hearing the United States "has a responsibility to protect the integrity of our

The foreign exchange mar-ket in New York reacted sharply to his statement. The dol-lar made widespread gains against the mark and Swiss franc in nervous trading; dealers said.

The Federal Reserve, as the nation's central banker, is charged with carrying out U.S. foreign exchange policy. But it is the Treasury which sets the policy, and Mr. Burns' remarks upset administration officials. They said he seemed

have overstepped himself. The sources acknowledged that as bead of the Federal Reserve Mr. Burns had some responsibility for the foreign exchange value of the dollar.
But, they edded, the dollar's
value against the other strong
currencies was a cornerstone of the edministration's international economic policy.

The administration argument is that allowing the dollar to decline against the other st-rong currencies will help to

the international economic sit-

OPEC oil ministers met in

Stockholm earlier this month

and were due to fix next yea-

r's prices at a meeting in Car-

Informed sources said after the Stockholm conference that

the OPEC states would try to

reach unanimity on policy be-

fore the Caracas meeting in

order to evoid a direct con-

frootation such as occurred

last December in Qatar and led to the OPEC oil price sp-

acas in December.

ney markets.
"We will intervene to support the dollar when we think that the markets are disorderly. At this time, we do not consider they are disorderly markets," one Treasury official

reduce the trade and balance of payments deficits of the

other strong industrial powers and thus aid the global eco.

The Treasury's foreign ex-

change policy is based on the

premise of orderly world mo-

nomic recovery.

#### IMF loans \$142 million from trust fund

WASHINGTON, July 27 (R).

— The International Monetary Fund said yesterday that 24 of the world's poorest nations have received loans totalling \$142 million from its trust fund.

The fund was established in May, 1976, to make loans to the world's 61 poorest nations, and is being financed from the proceeds of the IMF's current series of gold sales. This was the second round of loans. The first was carried out in January, bringing

Tha IMF said it expects to make further payments to eligible countries at six-month

the total amount disbursed

from the trust fund to \$179

### LOCAL **EXCHANGE RATES**

Saudi riyal Lebanese pound 104.1 80.3 950.00 80.7 955,00 1132.0 Syrian pound Iraqi dinar Kuwaiti dinar 1127.0 Egyptian pound 465.0 Libyan dinar 700.0 470.0 710.00 UAE dirham U.K. sterling U.S. dollar German mark French franc 67.7 136.5 every 100)

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies against the dollar at the close of inter-bank trading on the London Foreign Exchange Market yesterday. Tourist rates will differ from those quoted below.

One sterling = 1.7370 / 80One dollar = 2.2580/90

2,4180 / 95 2.3870 / 85 35.07 / 10 4.8200 / 25 881.15 / 35 264.50 / 65 4.3115 / 45

5,2255 / 85

5.9210 / 40

West German marks **Dutch** guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedistr crowns

Norwegian crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

#### WALL STREET REPORT

Prices suffered one of their steepest drops since the 1974 bear market Wednesday on the New York Stock Exchange, where the industrial average lost nearly 20 points in active trading. The drop drove the Dow Jones to its lowest level in a year and a half at 888.43.

The broad and sharp decline was triggered by the amountsment, early in the morning, of the worst monthly trade deficit in June with imports outstripping exports by \$2.82 billion.

The sharpest loser was Bethlehem Steel, which skidded 55 points at 23-3/4. Oils shares were also among the hardest hit. Declines outnumbered advances at the close by a 1,307 to 261

At the close, the industrial average shows at 888.43, a loss of 19.75 points: Transp at 232.42, a loss of 2.97; utilities at 116.98, a loss of 0.89, 26,430,000 shares changed hands, of which 5,520,000

### LONDON MARKET REPORT

Stock prices advanced Wednesday with government bonds leading the way following sterling's sharp rise, dealers said.

At 15:00 the F.T. industrial index was 3.1 points higher at

sympathy.

Gold shares held steady after some American interest and dollars and dollars.

stocks were a little lower. Beecham rose 10p. The company said it may be allowed to pay an increased dividend.

Distillers, Courtaulds, Marks and Spencer and Tube rose 2p.

Price of gold closed Wednesday in London at \$145.89/02-

News Focus

#### World Bank shifts policy towards more direct aid to impoverished peoples

By Graham Newman WASHINGTON (R). - Over

the past 10 years, the World Bank has shifted graduelly away from huge, impersonal projects and towards more direct aid to impoverished pe-

When former U.S. Defence Secretary Robert McNamara assumed the presidency of the bank in 1968, the lergest of the international aid institutions was best known for its grandiose schemes to trans-form the face of agriculture in

the developing world. Some still see it in that light, but under Mr. McNamara's stewardship the thrust of its programmes is directed at helping the world's poor at the "grassroots" level, rather than through massive projects that

Always Available

Villas & Apartments

In Shmeisani & Jabal Amman

LE PRIVE

RESTAURANT

Extends a warm welcome to all

its clients and invites them to

LUNCH, DINE AND DANCE

daily and witness a unique and

unforgettable experience

in catering

For reservation, phone 44880

It has to be directed. ra and the new policies he has

In the lest month the World Bank has lent India \$150 mil-

that the poorest people in the poorest countries have been neglected -- they have not been brought out of the shade," one World Bank official

This is where Mr. McNama-

bank officials contend. Of course, the bank still helps to finance major projects. but an analysis of two of its recent loans shows how the direction has changed in the

You have to face the fect

said recently.
"To help eradicate this poverty you just cannot pump money into a country ad lib.

evolved have been so effective.

past decade. lion to help develop an oil

Tel 37666

to raise living standards gen- end netural gas field near Bo- tion than was the case 10 mbay, knowo as the "Bombay high" field.

It elso has lent Mexico e further \$120 millioo to support the "Pider" project, e \$1.2 bil-lion undertaking designed to significantly raise living standards of the landless poor -some two million people wbo

live in abject poverty.

Bank officials, asked which was the most important, answered unhesitatingly that the Bombay project was "far less significant" than Pider.

Although the bank obviously sees value in helping nations such as India develop small oil and netural gas fields considered too minor for commercial nil firms to undertake, senior officials disagree with sug-gestions that it should fund such projects at the expense

"We have moved away from the days of the green revolu-tion when we used to make loans for large-scale agricultural and irrigation projects," a bank official said.

of other development efforts.

'Now we concentrate on the small farmer who was left un-touched by these developments in the I960s." The Pider project, for example, is helping develop small-scale irrigation, farming, rural industries and roads in 20 of

the poorest parts of Mexico. The bank tries, with the help of enlightened governments, to promote land reform and extend the largest number of benefits at the lowest cost in the greatest number of people ov-

er wide areas. This usually takes the form either to direct government aid or financing through rural development banks, which are often left over from previous colonial governments.

These programmes often involve building roads and market places so that small farmers have somewhere to sell their produce. While some encouragement

is still given to developing

crops for export, much more

emphasis is placed upon food

production for local consump-

"Our alm is to help the small

farmer produce more food, but to make sure it is less capitalintensive less fertiliser- intensive and not dependent on buge-scale irrigatinn, which the programmes of the 1960s were based on," bank officials said. The World Bank now gives

high priority to developing types of seeds that can prosper under harsh conditions, rather than the high-yield hybrids developed during the 'green re-volution', which needed enormous amounts of care under nearly Ideal conditions.

Bank officials stress that their main thrust must be towards providing basic human needs. "To put it simply, there is a continuing attempt in the bank to continuing." nk to quantify poverty and find weys of alleviating it," a

bank official commented.

This emphasis has found a ready audience in the Carter administration, which bank of-ficials concede is a welcome change from the apathetic and sometimes hostile reception bank programmes received in the areas of Presidents Richard Nixon and Gerald Ford. Former Treasury Secretary William Simon was one of the bank's harshest critics, often voicing his apposition to what

wing bureaucracy.
While all is not plain sailing with President Carter, bank nfficials readily admit they welcomed the change at the White House.

he considered profligate spend-ing by the bank and its gro-

The Carter administration and the bank, working in unison, put together the fifth capital replenishment for the International Development Association (TDA), the World Bank affiliate that grants interest-free credits to the wor-

ld's poorest nations. But despite its hopes and aims for the future, the bank concedes its resources are not unlimited and expects that it will need increasingly to cofinance projects with the commercial banking system.

CAR FOR SALE

**AUSTIN MORRIS MINI 1972 MODEL** Customs unpaid, 45,000 kms. Call 61229 8:30 - 14:00 61710 after 18:00

## **ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS**

Turkish-Iraqi pipeline springs leak

\* ANKARA, July 27 (AFP). - Repair teams were at work today to seal a leak in the Turkisb-Iraqi pipeline as an estimated 10,000 cubic metres of crude oil were swamping fields near the village of Yakacik in southeast Anatolia. Authoritative sources here said the leak, which occurred last night, was due to faulty welding. The sources categorically said there was no question of sabotage. The 1,000 km. pipeline, linking the Iraqi Kirkuk oilfields and the Yumurtalik terminal on Turkey's Mediterranean coast, began operating at the beginning of this year. Two-thirds of the pipeline has been built on Turkish territory. Sources said the leak occurred about 180 kms, west of the point where the pipeline crosses red about 180 kms. west of the point where the pipeline crosses the Turkish border. They said police had sealed off a wide area to prevent a fire in the crude which had been seeping out into the neighbouring fields since last night.

#### Indian scientists make U-233 from sand

\* NEW DELHI, July 27 (AFP). — Prime Minister Morarji Desai today disclosed that Indian etomic scientists had succeeded in producing the etomic fuel U-233 by using minerals found in beach sands from southern Keralasstate. Mr. Desai, who is also in charge of atomic energy, told the Lower House in reply to a question that the Bhabha Atomic Research Centre in Bombay was designing e "mini" research reactor using the new fuel.

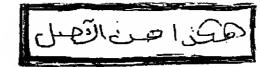
هكذا حدناتها

433.2, after being down 3.7 at mid-day.

Government bonds gained up to a full point but thin trading conditions accentuated the advance. Equity leaders rallied in

with the higher builion price. Australians were mixed and dollar

Industrial leaders cut earlier losses.



FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1977

from the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUT

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is the time when it is advisable for you to keep your cool for most persons are ready, eager and willing to get into arguments at the drop of a hat. You can turn such conditions to your benefit by

maintaining an objective and impersonal attitude.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Avoid picking an argument with a higher-up or you could regret it very quickly. Use tact in handling a troublesome credit matter.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You find many new interests that are fascinating but study them well since all that glitters is not gold. A new acquaintance can pose problems now so avoid him or her.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Give full attention to responsibilities you have to handle but don't let them upset you or you lose out where it counts the most.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Take under advisement anything that a partner wants you to do, since this is not the right time to handle such. Don't become involved with problems of others. Avoid a positive pest.

trust le

1000

100 mm

1

THE REAL PROPERTY.

XCHAR

RATE

\*\*\* 15 (ar Niggi ji

gertal C John Ti

. ditar if

\*\* 5 V. C

4.00 ifter b

to Cong

--2 **t** 

18.4 \* 3 ·

GE N

18 CE (11 EE

= ? mails

HERET THE THE

4 3033 1000

· ... 55.15

n 1: 123

\* A 12 - CE

THE PER

3 75 . 17

CLIPPS PO STELL STEEL

· \*\*\* 

REPO

ر بر بر <sub>د</sub> م

Fall S

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Get busy at your work without bothering others and get much accomplished. Avoid arguments with anyone. Plan work wisely for best results. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Take care that amusements are not more costly than you can afford. Get husy with a particular talent you possess hut don't involve others.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Study home affairs well and do nothing that can spoil the harmony there. Get rid of any cause of friction. Handle credit affairs well.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Solve personal problems easily today, hut don't upset others around you. Avoid one who talks too much.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study into new interests that appeal to you but be careful where financial matters are concerned. Listen to what an expert has to suggest and follow through where feasible.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) It is important you control yourself and show others you are suave and get good results. Use diplomacy in the handling of a vital

matter. Plan some time for restoring your energies. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Spend some time by yourself and plan how to make your life more profitable and ideal. Show others how practical you are.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Use tact in going after some personal wish and you can soon gain it. Take care of any health problems you may have.

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* RESTAURANT TAIWAN TOURISMO

店飯光觀灣臺Tel.41093

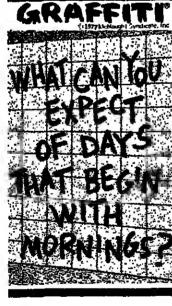
3rd Circle Jabal Amman

supply Chinese food and special family dinner: only JD 1.250 including one soup one dish plain rice or bread. Welcome and enjoy our typical delicious Chinese food.

Many many thanks for your kindly patronage.

\*\*\*\*\*





# OUT

#### aptam's (

The fashionable restaurant for you. Grindleys Bank-street. Tel. 2197. AQABA. Open for dinner. Air conditioned. Speciality Italian cuisine. Live Music and

#### SULTUD ATTACHOLS

First Wings Hotel, Jabal Al Luweibdeh, Tel. 22103/4. Choice of THREE set memes daily for hanch, and a

Open 12-3 p.m. and 7-12 p.m. Specialty: steaks.

Restaurants for broasted chicken and light snacks. Take home, lunch or dinner. Jabai Amman, First Circle. Tel. 21083. Jabel Al Luweibdeh, Hawuz Circle, Tel. 30646 Jabal Al Husseln, near Jerusalem Cinema. Tel. 21781.

CHINESE RESTAURANT

First Circle, Jabal Amman, near the Ahliyah School or CMS Tel. 38968. Open daily from noon to 3:38 p.m. and 6:30 p.m. to midnight. Also take home service order

#### LIPLOMAT

Younes ist'ess Mouses Alam (\$8359) Irbid : Omar Qastawi Mouses Beiruti

Taxis:

Al Hussein (63273) Rainbow (37249) Talal (25021) Asiou: (23230)

First Circle, Jabal Amman Tel 25592. Open from 7 a.m. to 1 a.m. Restaurant, coffee-shop, suack har and patieserie. Oriental and European specialties. Also in Zarka and Irbed.

For advertising in above columns contact "Sout Wa Soura" Tel. 38869. Open from 9 a.m. to I p.m. and 4-6 p.m.









#### ANDY CAPP

















#### LAUGHS FROM EUROPE





eyesight ta see a 36-24-36 visian."

**PROVERB** The hand that rocks the cradle rules the world.

#### ヹ゚ゟゔゕ゠゚ゟヸ゚ゔゕヹ゚ゔヸヹ゚ゟヹ゚ゔヹ゚ゟヹ゚゚ヹヹ゚゚ゟヸヹヹ゚<mark>ゟヸ゚ヸヹ゚ゟヸ゚ゔヹ゚ゔヸ゚ゔ</mark>ゔヹ゚ゟヹ゚゚ゔヹ゚゚ゟヸ゚ゔヹ゚ゟヸ゚ゔヹ゚゚ゟヸ゚ゔヹ゚゚ゟヸ゚ゔヹ゚゚ゟ゠゚ゔゔ

SOC RADIO AMMAN ARPORT JORDAN TELEVISIÓN GMT Arrivals : Departures : 05:00 05:45 06:00 04:20 07:00 07:45 08:00 09:15 08:30 09:01 10:30 11:15 6:15 Damascus 7:55 Cairo (EA) 8:00 Bangkok, I 18:15 Outlook
18:15 Outlook
18:16 Owtlook
18:16 Owtlook
18:16 Owtlook
18:16 Baller in Birtain
18:15 The World Today
17:00 News
17:00 John Peel
17:40 Book Choice
17:45 Sports Round-up
18:00 News; Rould Newsreel
18:00 News; Rould Newsreel
18:00 News; Outlook
19:00 News; Outlook
19:40 Stock Market Report
19:40 Stock Market Report
19:40 Stock Market Report
19:40 Three's a Crowd
20:30 A Jolly Good Show
20:30 A Jolly Good Show
21:15 Paparhec's
21:30 Business Matters
21:30 Business Matters
21:30 Business Matters
22:00 News; The World Today
22:15 Phancial News
22:25 The Melody Mahors
22:25 Sports Round-up
23:30 News; Commentary 7:00 Demascus (SAA) 8:45 Beirut (MEA) 8:45 Cairo (EA) 9:00 Beirut 11:00 Athens, Madrid 12:00 London 8:00 News in Arabic Dhahran Kuwait Channel 5:
7:30 Reportage
8:30 Arable se
9:30 Reportage
10:15 Variety p here dad Kuwalt
Dubal, Abu Di
Batrut
Kawait (KAC)
Rawalpindi (BA
Riyadh (SDI)
London
Calro
Beirat (MEA)
Amsterdam,
(KLM) 9:15 Big valley 19:00 News in Englis 11:00 Athens, Madrid
12:00 London
12:30 Rome, Paris
12:45 Kuwait (KAC)
13:00 Cairo
13:03 London (RA)
14:30 Riyadh, Dhahra
20:00 Abu Dhabi
12:20 Baghdad
02:00 Moncow (Acrol 10:15 City of angels RADIO JORDAN 14:20 Travels of Ibn Bar 15:00 Concert hour 16:00 Easy listening 17:00 Somes for you 17:20 Pop session 18:00 News summary 18:05 Pop season 18:30 Play of the week 19:00 News 19:10 News reports 19:20 News 7:00 Breakfast siz 7:30 News 7:40 News reports 8:00 Morning shot 12:30 Comody 12:30 Pop session 13:00 News summa 13:05 Pop session 14:00 News USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS 74. 75111 - 34341-- 22066 - 19 - 34341-2 - 27111-3 - 36141 est aid, fire, police edan Electric Powe micipal water perv lice beedquarters VOICE OF AMERICA The Breakfast Show: News, News Summary.
63:00, 04:00, 05:00 and 18:30 News, News Summary.
68:00 GATT: News, 19:00 News Roundup, Reports,
Reptorts, VOA Current
News Summary.
63:20, 19:20
04:30 and 05:30 GATT:
An informal presentation of popular transic 20:50
with feature reports and 20:15 Music USA (Jazz).
interviews, answers to 21:00
interviews, answers to 21:00
interviews, answers to 21:00
News Summary.
News Summary.
VCA Music USA
Letters.
Special English News.
Special English News.
News Summary.
News Russellers
News Current
News 21111, 2777 **EMERGENCIES** Abdali (36121) Jala (24228)

with feature answers to same interviews, answers to same interview questions, Sci. to ence Digast. News Roundup, Reports, 21:20 Actualities, Opinion, An-almas, News Summary

ようずんとうちょうなんちゃんかっちょうんとうごうかんしゃ スプライン

### GORED BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF 1976,The Chicago Tribune

Both vulnerable. South

.deals. NORTH ♡ K 9 **♦ J 10863** 

WEST EAST ♣Q1098 ♥8643 ♥Q10752 ♦ K 72 +Q107 SOUTH **♠** K 5 4

4K9643 The bidding: South West North East 1 4 Pass 1 0 Pass 1 NT Pass 3 NT Pass

ψAJ

Pass Pass Opening lead: Two of . It helps to know your

opponents. There are occasions where, if you know your opponent to be an upright citizen who wouldn't dream of deceiving you in the play of the cards, you would adopt one line. But if deceit is more natural to him, and the only time he plays an honest caro is when he has no alternative, it might be right to pursue a different course. Consider this hand.

North-South bid quickly to a good game. Once his partner had shown a balanced minimum, North saw no point in telling the world he had a good club fit-he simply bid the game he expected to make.

West, a good man who re-

garded a falsecard as tanta mount to lying under oath hefore the Supreme Court, led the two of spades. Declarer saw no reason to

doubt that this was fourth best, and if that were the case, the spade suit was going to divide 4.4. In that event declarer could lose no more than two spades, and

could afford to lose two more tricks. So he won the acc of spades and led a diamond to the queen and acc.

West continued with spades. Declarer won and forced out the king of diamonds. The defenders eashed two more spades, but the

balance of the tricks belonged to declarer. Making three. Now let's consider the

play if West is the devious type of defender who would lead the two from any holding except four cards. Now,

declarer can no longer afford the luxury of going after the diamonds, because the risk

of losing two diamonds and three or more spades is too great. It might be better to

establish clubs, relying on a 2-2 split and five tricks in the

suit. On this hand, that would have resulted in down

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Amold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles ons letter to sach square, to form tour ordinary words. **GANTY** 

NORIM -

DEFLAB

WHAT WORKING AT THE MILL MIGHT BE.

INGEEN

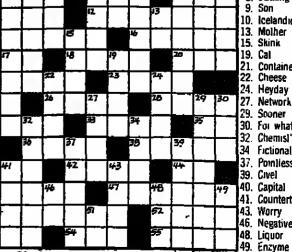
Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here:

(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: LAPEL 'FELON GADFLY INFUSE

Answer: What nappened when the circus act started to deteriorate? -THERE WAS A FALLING OFF





Network . Foi what reason Chemist's vessel Fictional dog 37. Pointiess 39. Civel 40. Capital 41. Countertenor 43. Warry

49. Enzyme

51. Command to halt

But Spain may not hand them over

## France wants extradition of suspects in Fiat kidnap case

MADRID, July 27 fR). — Frackidnapping of Signor Luchino ance was today seeking the Reveili-Beaumont, who was reance was today seeking the extradition of six Argentinians and an Italian arrested by Spanish police in connection with the kidnapping of a Fiat car company executive earlier this

The seven were detained in Madrid and the southern coasweekend. Spanish police said they had evidence that the leased near Paris two weeks ago after being held for nearly three months. He is director of Fiat French operations.

A \$2 million ransom was re-ported to have been paid for his freedom and Spanish government sources said the police had found \$5,800 in numbered bank notes said to have been used in the ransom payment when searching the belongings

The Spaniards made the arrests at the request of tha French police and the French Embassy in Madrid has made preparations to obtain the men's extradition.

The Madrid evening newspaper Informaciones said the Spanish government would probably not hand over the seven until the French had extradited an alleged Basque guerriila leader wanted by Spain.

Government sources here, however, said could be no que-

Israeli Knesset hears motion to let Arabs of 2 villages return

TEL AVIV, July 27 (R). --- Some 200 Christian Arab families in Israel yesterday moved a step closer to returning to the viliages near the Lebanese border from which they were ousted nearly 30 years ago. committee a motion to let the

The Knesset referred to a people of Igrit and Bir'um villages go home, in fulfilment promises made by Israeli army commanders to the 1948

The motion's sponsor, Mr. Akiva Noff, noted that the villagers' case had been supported by the Israeli Supreme

creating a precedent for other Arab villagers who were for-

ced out of their homes in 1948. Mr. Aharon Abu Hatzeira,

Igrit and Bir'um to return. Another minister yesterday said the matter was important and his suggestion to refer it to the committee was backed both by government supporters and by some Labour opposi-

#### Eritreans will fight until independence, says statement

BEIRUT, July 27 (R). - Eritrean guerrillas said yesterday they would carry on fighting until Ethiopia's rulers recognised their right to independen-

A statement issued here by the Eritrean Liberation Front
-- People's Liberation Forces (ELF-PLF), which is fighting for the province's independence from Ethiopia, also said Israel was beloing to train Ethiopia's armed forces.

The ELF-PLF was commenting on an interview given by Ethiopian head of state Mengistu Haile Mariam published here on Monday. In the inter-view, Lt.-Col. Mengistu offer-ed Eritreans self-rule "within a unified Ethiopian homeland."

Coi. Mengistu also said E1hlopia had no relations with Israel since the military take-over in 1974. He invited the Palestine Liberation Organisation to open an office in Addis

Cuba will increase its aid to Africa

(R). - President Fidel Castro has told a mass raily here that Cuba intended increasing its international aid program-me, particularly to Africa.

ing Cubans at a temporary stadium in this eastern city last night. President Castro said Cuba now had 4,100 civilians working abroad and the number would reach 6,000 by

the end of the year. He gave no figures for the number of Cuban military personnel serving abroad. Cuba sent troops to Angola to support Marxist President Agostinho Neto against Western-backed nationalist movements, but the number of soldiers remaining is not known.

President Castro announced last week that a medical te-

CAMAGUEY, Cuba, July 27 am, Including 140 doctors, vas being sent to Ethiopia.

When he stated last night that he also intended increasing civilian aid to Angola, the crowd responded with shouts of "Viva Angola" -- iong

> President Castro said Cuba's ald efforts overseas were founded on the concept of internationalism. Those who cannot do som-

ething for others cannot do anything for themseives." he "Our duty and glory is ach-

leved by giving this service to others," he added. The rally was held to mark

the anniversary of an attack on an army barracks in eastern Cuba in 1953 which Cubans see as the beginning of their uprising which overthrew the Batista regime.

The latest Paris halrstyles are severe, Mr. Ungaro's models have their hair drawn

back into a washer woman'a

knot on the crown of the head

while the Lanvin girls have

lacquered knots and knobs

often poking out at an odd angle over one ear.

#### Paris couture displays autumn, winter fashions

PARIS, July 27 (R). — (R). — Belly, dancers in low-slung harem pants competed for the spotlight with prim Victorian maidens in stiff taffeta gowns on the second day of the Paris autumn and winter fashion showings.

M. Jules Francois Crahay of Lanvin featured both these looks in his collection, which confirmed that folklore is still flying high in the Paris cou-

Dedicated followers of fashion thought the time had come for the demise of the ethnic look, started two years ago by M. Yves Saint Lau rent, the leading Paris desig-

Not so, ruled both M. Cra-hay and M. Emanuel Ungaro, who also showed his collection yesterday.

M. Crahay's themes are

long full skirts, often worn over contrasting coloured satin petticoats, loose peasant overblouses in bright prints, head scarves tied over little crocheted caps jangling with gold coins and huge stoles, capes, ponchos, and shawls.

A common denominator at Lanvin and Ungaro is the constant use of contrasting prints, patterns and bold co-

M. Ungaro has always been a master at mixing patterns and this season he doesn't hesitate to combine three and four different designs in the

same ensemble. Much of M. Ungaro's inspiration derives from M. Saint Laurent's collections of the past few seasons but his colours and patterns contribute a very personal touch. Some of the prettiest prints employed for the full skirts and loose tops are Persian miniatures grouping birds and flowers in a mediey of gentle co-

Successive Labour governments have cited security reas-ons for their refusal to allow the Maronite and Greek Catholic villagers to return, but they are said to have feared

Minister for Religious Affairs in the new Likud government, recently said he would ask the cabinet to allow the people of

Ababa on the site of the for-

mer Israeli Embassy. The ELF-PLF said that if Col. Mengistu harboured good intentions towards Eritreans, he should grant them full rights to decide their destiny.

"The people of Eritrea will

continue their armed revolution until the Ethiopian regime recognises their full right to seif-determination," the statement said.

The ELF-PLF said it had information that Israel heiped Ethiopia's elite troops and People's Militia.

This is in addition to a secret agreement signed only one month ago between the two countries providing for the training of the Ethiopian

navy," the statement said.
"In effect, Israel sent swift
patrol boats to the Eritrean Port of Massawa to stop its occupation by the Eritrean liberation fighters."

By Rodney Pinder

SALISBURY, July 27 (R). -

More than 96 per cent of adult

Rhodesians will be passive on-

lookers in the geoeral election

on Aug. 31, according to av-

The vast majority of onlook-

ers will be black, either be-cause they are disenfranchis-

ed under the white minority

government's electoral regula-

tions, or because they simply do not want to take part in what many regard as an exer-

bishop Abel Muzorewa, a prominent black nationalist leader, has said the poll is aimed at "producing a leader for the white people and a government of the people

emment for, and of, the white

His remark appears to be justified. Of 172,000 adult whi-

ailable statistics.

Miguei Angel Apalastegui, 22, who is wanted here on kidna-French and the Spanish over pping and murder charges.

The appeal court at Aix-en-Provence is expected to bear Apalastegui's extradition case early next month. He is being held in a Marseilles jail pending the hearing.

Government sources in Madrld said it appeared the motive for the Revelli-Beaumont kidnapping was criminal and not political, despite the fact that a self-styled revolutionary group calling itself the Committee for Revolutionary Socialist Unity claimed responsibility.

More than \$1,500,000 of the \$2 million ransom reportedly paid was discovered in three banks in Geneva after Swiss bankers allowed police to inspect the contents of private safe deposit boxes.

Several false passports and identity cards were also found in the boxes.



TENG -- China's Vice Premier Teng Hsiao-ping is seen during the Third Pienary Session of the Tenth Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party held in Peking between July 16 and 21. The photograph was released by the official New China News Agency. It was this session of the Central Committee which officially rehabilitated Mr. Teng after 15 months of political exile. (AP wirephoto).

#### Sudan to free all political detainees

KHARTOUM, July 27 (R).
-Sudan is to release all political detainees, the newspape Al Ayam said today.

The decision to free the remaining 400 detainees was taken at a meeting of the National Security Council under the chairmanship of President Jaafar Nimeiri yesterday, it

The council also directed that student detainess should go back to their previous educational institutes.

The president last week said that in an effort to restore national unity he had made contact with many members of the Sudanese opposition. He had talks with former Premier Sadiq Al Mahdi who is in exi-

Mr. Al Mahdi was sentenced to death in his absence last year for his alleged part in an abortive coup against President Nimeiri.

The president said the opposition had come to terms with him about what was best for Sudan.

#### Black S. Africans boycott classes the system of Bantu educa-

Students in black townships near Johannesburg and Pretoria have vowed to boycott their classes until they receive the same education as whites.

Protests over the country's segregated education system spread yesterday from Pretoria to the Alexandra township he-

strations by the students. The students were demanding the release of two of their colleagues who were be-ing detained by police. The police did not say why the two were being held. Their arrest coincided with moves by pupils in the Pretoria townships

#### boycon their classes until China denies Albania told experts to leave

News Focus

More than 96% of Rhodesians will not

vote in general election on Aug. 31

PEKING, July 27 (R). — China iast night officially denied international news agency reports suggesting that Albania was winding up Peking's aid programme in the tiny Balkan state.

Reuters had on Monday quoted informed sources in Belgrade as saying that Albania had told China there was no need for Chinese experts to stay in the country beyond a certain point.

The reports by AP (Associated Press) and Reuters from

tes, 7,500 adult coloureds (mixed races) and 5,200 adult Asians officially counted in June

iast year, 85,406, or 46.2 per

cent, are registered on the Eu-

ropean roil of having met fr-

anchise requirements based on

income, age and residency qu-

21 and above, an estimated 1,500,000 -- or six in every

100 -- are believed to qualify

to take part in the election.

But only 7,478 -- 0.3 per cent

have registered as voters.

"Blacks just don't rate in this election. They realise it's a

fiction as far as they are con-

cerned," said a white lawyer

closely involved in the nation-

alist struggle for majority rule

Premier Ian Smith called the

election for a mandate to try

to reach an agreement over black majority rule with nati-

based on one-man, one-vote.

Of 2,400,200 Africans aged

Beigrade are unfounded," a spokesman for the Foreign Mi-nistry said. "China did not stop her assistance to Albania.
"Neither has China received the notification concerning Chinese experts as described in these reports," the spokesman

Chinese newspapers yester-day published a thinly-veiled attack on Albania's recent cr-lticism of Chinese foreign policy amid increasing evidence of a growing rift between Peking and its once-close ideological ally.

The principal of the Alexandra Junior Secondary Sch-ool said students have smashed about 200 school windows and tried to burn his office. In a statement, black stud-

ent leaders in Pretoria said: "We are neither striking nor demonstrating. We are simply boycotting classes in protest against Bantu education. The boycott will continue until our education is controlled by the Department of National Education and we receive the same quality and type of education," The World newspaper for

blacks in Jobannesburg said police detained five students from Maiedi High School in the township of Soweto and two from Alexandra yesterday.

World reporters said police refused to give reasons for the detentions. Maledi High Sch-ooi has been the scene of mu-ch unrest and some of its students were at the centre of a dispute last weekend over the activities of police in Soweto.

Demonstrations in Soweto la-year against the teaching of Afrikaans to black students led to violence throughout the country in which more than 500 blacks died.

#### Indian government moves to crack down on former Congress Party officials

NEW DELHI, July 27 (AFP). - The Indian government has ordered the immediate arrest of anyone reasonably suspected of having committed excesses under the state of emergency imposed in 1975, Interior Minister Charan Singh said today:

Mr. Singh told the lower house of parliament, in reply to questions, that the Central (Federal) Bureau of Investigation had been directed to waive all formalities provided there were sufficient grounds to suspect someone of having been implicated in

Mr. Sanjay Gandhi, younger son of former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi, has been widely alleged responsible for abuses in connection with a sterilisation drive and slum clearance pro-

At least some leaders of Mrs. Gandhi's ousted Congress Party have claimed that the former premier berself was aware of abuses during the 19-month emergency period which ended in March.

Mr. Singh said the government had the power under ordinary laws to arrest and prosecute anyone implicated in the alleged abuses. But he said that inquiry commission had been set up to look into certain cases, in which the issues were complicated and far reaching.

#### WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

#### U.S. space shuttle makes final test

EDWARDS AIR FORCE BASE, California, July 27 (R). - The U.S. space shuttle "Enterprise" made a successful final test flight riding piggyback on top of its Boeing 747 transport plane yester-day. National Aeronautics and Space Administration officials said tha 59-minute flight went without a hitch, except for a minor problem with an auxiliary power unit on the shuttle. On Aug. 12, the Enterprise will separate from its transport plane about 23,000 feet above the Californian desert and glide down to a runway at this dry-lake airfield. Beginning in late 1979, the shuttle will be launched like a rocket from Cape Canaveral, Florida, and return to earth like a plane after putting satellites in

#### U.K. house will not expel Reg Maudling

\* LONDON, July 27 (R). — Britain's House of Commons last night overwhelmingly defeated a move to expel former Conservative Home Secretary Reginald Mandling for misconduct. The vote by 331 votes to 11, followed a six-hour debate on a parliamentary committee's criticisms of the actions of Mr. Maudling and two other members of parliament. One of them, opposition Conservative John Cordle, who was more severely criticised, resigned his seat last Friday. Both Mr. Mauding and Mr. Albert Roberts, a member of the ruling Labour Barty, today told the bouse they believed the committee had treated them unfairly. All three men were linked to former international architect John Poulson, who was jailed in 1974 on corruption charges. He has since been released after serving nearly half his sentence.

#### Sri Lanka's new premier on pilgrimage

\* COLOMBO, July 27 (R). — Prime Minister Junius Jayewardene set off on a pilgrimage today to Sri Lanka's most sacred Buddhist shrine in the beautiful hills of Kandy to give thanks for his party's general election victory. He will also proclaim economic reforms. In a special broadcast tomorrow from the Dalada Maligawa — the Temple of the Tooth, where a holy relic of the Buddha is enshrined — Mr. Jayewardene plans to announce moves intended to ease the burden of long-running inflation on Sri Lanka's people. Thousands of supporters of the United National Party were reported to be streaming into Kandy today with green flags, green caps, green shirts, green saris and other emblems in the victorious party's colour.

#### German actress jailed for killing lover

\* MUNICH, West Germany, July 27 (R). — Actress Ingrid van Bergen was jailed for seven years today after being found guilty of shooting ber lover during an angry midnight scene at her home last February. The blonde 46-year-old divorcee was convicted of manslaughter at the end of a five-day trial here. The court was told the victim, Herr Klaus Knaths, a married man 10 years your ger than the actress, had told her he was leaving her for another woman. She shot him twice, one bullet severing an artery. The actress, said by the prosecution to have been under the influence of drugs and alcohol, called police after the shooting and admitted killing her lover. Before amouncing aentence, the judge said the court received anonymous murder and bomb threats. Police sear-ched the justice building for explosives during the night.

#### 12,000-year-old mammoth found in USSR

\* MOSCOW, July 27 (R). — The body of a baby mammoth which died 12,000 years ago has been flown to Leningrad for scientific analysis -- complete with a quarantine certificate issued by Soviet vets, Tass news agency reported yesterday. The mammoth, said to be six months old at its death, was found preserved by permafrost in a mine in Magadan in the Soviet far east, It made the trip swathed in a special film and scaled in harmstic, icethe trip swathed in a special film and sealed in hermetic, icefilled steel container. Experts were worried that virulent bacteria might have been preserved in its body. The find was being kept in a refrigerated chamber at a Leningrad zoological museum R will be studied for at least six months, then stuffed and put on

ARAB-BRITISH CENTRE -- Britain's Foreign Secretary, Dr. David Owen (right), shakes hands with Mr. Mahmoud Riad, Secretary General of the Arab League, after Dr. Owen unveiled a plaque marking the opening of the Arab-British Centre at Collingham Road in London recently. The plaque is inscribed in English and Arabic with the words: "The Arab-British Centre was officially opened on 13th July, 1977 by the Rt. Hon. Dr. David Owen, M.P. Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs in the presence of His Excellency Mr. Mahmoud Riad Secretary General of the League of Arab States." The Arab-British Centre was set up with Arab finance on the initiative of Britahr's Council for the Advancement of Arab-British Understanding. (BIS photo). onalist leaders such as Bishop Muzorewa and the Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole, or the Zimbabwe United Peoples' Organisation (ZUPO) formed by tribal chiefs.

"General election" is per-haps a misnomer: it is essentially an appeal to the European electorate.

There are 66 seats in Rho-desia's House of Assembly. Fifty are European seats con-tested by, and voted for, by people on the European electoral roll.

Of the 16 black seats, eight are filled by a tribal Electoral College, a grouping of black chiefs and headmen. Eight M.P.s are elected directly by the black voter, who can only vote for a black candidate. The chiefs are saiaried employees of the government and they influence the choice of the eight candidates who must face the

people for support. The nationalists wouldn't touch this election with a bar-ge-poie," exclaimed the law-

A search through statistics issued by the Rhodesian government, a look at the basic qualifications required for European and African voters' roles, and a talk with the Economic Affairs Department of the University of Rhodesia, re-veals the extent of the iceberg of frozen potential black votes, the tip of which is represented by the registered 7,478. that an African voter must ha-

The qualifications demand ve had an income of at least 65 Rhodesian dollars (the same in sterling) a month for the past two years, or must own immovable property wor-th a minimum of 1,560 dollars. Alternatively, he or she must have an income of at least 43 dollars a month and have property worth at least 1,040 doilars and have gone to secon-

The university said 926,000 biacks had jobs in 1976. Most of the rest existed on rural homesteads, growing their own crops and rearing livestock and "playing no part whatsoever in the cash econo-

dary school for two years.

Of the wage-earners, 250,000 are employed in agriculture and earn an average of 17 dollars a month. About 125,000 are domestic servants in white homes, earning between 30 and 35 dollars a mon-th.

According to an official pap-

er issued in mid-1975 but still judged to be a reasonably accurate reflection of existing earnings, about 82,000 blacks would meet the higher income qualifications.

No statistics are available on the numbers who would meet the lower incoma and edu-cational requirements, but informed guesswork put the figure at about 70,000 at most. At the last election, in July, 1974, 3,096 of 7,052 register-

ballots. A black office worker in Salisbury, Mr. Aram Chiota, is qualified to vote next month, but will refrain.

ed black voters actually cast

"I have no reason to vote," he said. "It is an election to retain the status quo. It will not help the African. It's just another white election and ev-en the Western powers will not recognise the result.

"If I could vote for anyone I chose I might take part," he added. "But I am even prevented from voting for whites who sympathise with the black

'Blacks realise the election is a phoney for them," said a white lawyer, "and because of that they don't want anything to do with it. The fact that most don't register, and that half of those who do, don't vote, must mean they realise the fiction of it all." Nationalist organisations ha-

ve declared they will have no-thing to do with the election. The broad mass of black Rhodesians have not, as far as a white onlooker can tell. mounted an actual hoycott. The abstinence of the qualified voter appears to be a mighty shrug of indifference, born of deca-des of political deprivation. Some white political experts

say biacks do not register for fear of reprisals from nationalists who can scan the published voters' rolls and find out who is taking part. Others say the Rhodesian black is relatively prosperous in African terms and thus has an inbred political moderation, or apathy.

'The Rhodesian black is good-natured but he has become docile from generations of subjugation under the whites," the lawyer said. "He is missionary-instilled to believe that goodness will reap its own re-

ward. "That reward cannot come through the present ballot